

WORK OF CONGRESS  
NOW UNDER WAY

HOUSE AND SENATE LISTEN  
TO THE MESSAGE.

Small Comfort For Cubans—Active Interference by the United States Is Out of the Question—Comments on The Message by Newspapers and Statesmen.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The president's message was read before congress at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon. Just one-half of a long document is given over to the discussion of currency problems, Cuba's troubles and Hawaiian annexation. As concerns the last of these the president does not admit that it is a question. Annexation, in his view, is a logical necessity, and the confirmation of the pending treaty, he declares, is demanded by all considerations of honor and dignity.

As to Cuba Mr. McKinley takes a hopeful view of the Spanish autonomy scheme and of the friendliness of relations between the Madrid and Washington governments. He declares that this government has maintained and will maintain strict neutrality, so far as the attempt to prevent filibustering is concerned, and he urges that recognition of belligerent rights at this juncture would be exceedingly unwise. "Forcible annexation," he says, "cannot be thought of. That, by our code of morality, would be criminal aggression."

The question of the currency, the message declares, now is paramount. The evil of the present system is the great cost to the government of maintaining at a parity the different forms of money. Some plan must be devised for checking inroads on the gold reserve by means of repeated redemptions, with the consequent and unavoidable increase in the bonded indebtedness of government. It is recommended that United States notes redeemed in gold be paid out again only in exchange for gold; that national banks notes be issued in no smaller denomination than \$10; that national banks be required to redeem their notes in gold; that they be permitted to issue notes to the face value of the bonds deposited for circulation, subject to a tax of one-half of only 1 per cent per annum; that authority be given for the establishment of national banks with a minimum capital of \$25,000.

The president also touches on the matter of the international bimetallic commission, expressing the hope that gold and silver may receive joint recognition by international agreement. The expressions of the president's inaugural anent international arbitration are recalled and reaffirmed. Reviewing the resources of the navy the president concurs in the recommendations of the secretary for the construction of a battleship for the Pacific coast, several torpedo boats and more convenient naval docks. He directs attention to the new needs of Alaska—the necessity of a military force and the demand for a sufficient flexible system of government. The prospect of famine also is referred to. The president urges that yellow fever in future be combated by a government bacteriological commission; he touches on the Union Pacific sale and foreshadows the purchase of the Kansas Pacific railway in case no sufficiently high bid be received. In conclusion he declares that it will be his endeavor to uphold and extend civil-service reform.

CONGRESS IN SESSION.  
Senate and House Called to Order at Noon Monday.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Congress opened Monday at noon. In the house of representatives Speaker Reed kept in seclusion until the moment for calling the session to order arrived. Then he appeared at his desk, seized a fine new gavel carved from an apple tree that had once cast its shade over the house in which Farragut was born, and gave two raps, which brought the members to order.

On motion of Congressman Hopkins of Illinois the customary committee was appointed to inform the president that the house was ready to begin business and bring back the president's message. The committee consisted of Messrs. Dingley, Grosvenor and Bailey. The house of representatives then adjourned until the committee returned. On the reassembling the president's message was read.

In the senate the galleries were filled long before noon. The diplomatic gallery had but a few occupants, among them being Wu Tung Fang of China. The roll call showed that seventy-seven senators were in their seats when the vice-president called them to order. Senators Allison and Gorman acted as the committee to bring in the president's message. Immediately after it had been read the senate adjourned.

On motion of Mr. Henderson of Iowa, a member of the committee on rules, the rule at the extra session for three-day adjournments was vacated, and daily sessions, to begin at noon each day, were ordered.

FOR POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

Bill Introduced in Congress by Representative Lorimer.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The establishment and regulation of a postal savings bank system is provided for in a

bill introduced Monday by Representative Lorimer of Illinois. Under his scheme, money order offices selected by the postmaster general are to be made branch savings banks, with an office in the department to be called the "central bank." Any person may become a depositor under this act, including married women and minors above 12 years. Deposits are limited to \$1 and its multiples and not exceeding \$300 each and deposits accumulating above \$1,000 will not draw interest. Postal savings stamps and cards of the denomination of 5 and 10 cents are to be sold. Interest is to be at the rate of 2 per cent a year, to be added to the principal on June 30 of each year. Pass books are to be forwarded annually for examination. The secretary of the treasury under this bill is required to invest in interest-bearing bonds of the United States or bonds whose principal is guaranteed by the United States or in state bonds and bonds of municipalities and counties under stated restrictions. The deposits will not be liable to seizure or detention under any legal process. All statutes defining crimes in the postal service are to be applied to the postal savings system and the act is to take effect within six months of its passage.

OPINIONS OF STATESMEN.

Republicans Highly Gratified with the President's Message.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Republican congressmen and senators are highly gratified with the president's message. Its peace and prosperity features are declared to make it a notable state paper.

Democratic senators were generally averse to expressing any opinion upon the message. Senator Roach was an exception to the rule in this class. He called especial attention to the president's declaration that the government is pledged to maintain gold redemption. "This," he said, "is a mere assumption. We have not a single obligation which is not explicitly redeemable in coin, the word 'gold' being mentioned in none of them."

London Comment Is Favorable.

London, Dec. 7.—Speaking generally, the newspapers here comment favorably upon President McKinley's message. Some of them, however, indulge in the familiar criticisms of the American financial situation and advise how to rectify it. The Daily Telegraph discovers that America really has a foreign policy, and fears that the President's remarks about Weyler may increase the latter's popularity in Spain and add to the danger of revolution in that country. The Daily Mail is pleased because President McKinley "comes out so strong against the jingoes."

Cubans Are Disappointed.

Cleveland, Dec. 7.—Herbert W. Wolcott, president of the Cuban-American league, gave out a statement for publication regarding the Cuban clauses in the president's message. Mr. Wolcott said: "To tell the truth, I am really disappointed. I had not expected very much, on account of the late news from Washington, but President McKinley shows by his message that he will not do anything now, and probably never."

Bryan Expresses His Views.

Galveston, Texas, Dec. 7.—William Jennings Bryan expressed himself as follows on the President's message: "The message indicates an intention upon the part of the President to aid in turning the issue of paper money over to the national banks, and in the meantime a purpose to give gold a further superiority over silver as money."

Hugh Hanna Is Satisfied.

Indianapolis, Dec. 7.—Hugh Hanna, chairman of the executive committee of the monetary conference, expressed gratification at the stand taken by the president on the currency question.

Message Aids Stock Market.

Frankfort, Dec. 7.—American securities were well supported on the bourse Monday, owing to favorable forecasts of the message of President McKinley.

Approved by Wall Street.

New York, Dec. 7.—Bank presidents and Wall street men almost universally expressed approval of the conservative tone of the president's message.

Respite for Eugene Moore.

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 7.—Attorneys for Eugene Moore, embezzling ex-state auditor, sentenced last Tuesday to eight years in the penitentiary, appeared before the Supreme court Monday afternoon and on a showing of possible errors in the trial court secured an order for his release on \$25,000 bail pending arguments for a new trial. At the same time argument on motion for reversal of the twenty-year sentence of ex-State Treasurer Bartley will be made. Interest in the latter case far surpasses that of Moore, owing to the fact that Bartley's defalcation was very much larger.

Revolution Is Threatened.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 7.—Advices received here today from Port au Prince show that serious trouble is imminent in Hayti. The streets of the capital are placarded with "Down with the Government!" and the troops have been ordered into the barracks.

Rudini May Form a Cabinet.

Rome, Dec. 7.—The cabinet Monday formally tendered its resignation to King Humbert, who has entrusted to the Marquis di Rudini the task of constructing a new cabinet. The marquis asks time to reflect.

GERMANY ISSUES  
HER ULTIMATUM

WARSHIPS OF THE KAISER ENFORCE SUBMISSION.

Haiti Given Eight Hours—Peremptory Demand That the Conditions Imposed by the German Government Be Complied With—Foreign Residents of Port au Prince Protected.

Port au Prince, Haiti, Dec. 7.—The trouble between Germany and Haiti, as a result of the arrest and imprisonment of Herr Lueders, an alleged German subject, reached a crisis Monday. Two German cruisers entered this port during the morning and an ultimatum from the German government was delivered to the Haitian government, giving the latter eight hours in which to grant the demands of Germany for an indemnity to Herr Lueders. The members of the diplomatic corps here believe the government of the republic has decided to accept the conditions of Germany.

In anticipation of trouble the citizens of German nationality sought refuge on board two steamers which were at this port and the French steamer Ville de Marseille has been requisitioned by the French minister in order to serve as a place of refuge for French citizens. The Ville de Marseille has arrived here direct from Port au Prince.

The population of this place is in a state of great excitement, but the Haitian government has strong forces of troops at its disposal and is resolved to maintain order.

The exact nature of Germany's demand on Haiti is as yet somewhat in doubt, but it is understood that the German government asks:

1. An indemnity of \$20,000 (American) for Herr Lueders.
2. The promise that Herr Lueders may return to Haiti, and there sojourn without danger of any kind.
3. A letter to the German government in which Haiti will express apology for the proceedings toward the German government in the whole transaction.
4. That the president of Haiti shall graciously receive the German charge d'affaires at Port au Prince.

It is this fourth demand to which the most serious exception has been taken by the Haitian government, as affecting Haiti's honor and involving a deep humiliation, for it was Count Schwerin, the German charge d'affaires at Port au Prince, who went before President Simon Sam and rudely submitted the demand for indemnity and apology.

DOUBTED AT WASHINGTON.

State Department Official Talks of the Situation.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The news of the alleged arrival at Hayti of two German cruisers and the delivery of an ultimatum by them was received with general incredulity. Neither the state nor navy department nor the Haytian minister has received any confirmation of the report.

The disbelief is based on well-known conditions existing in Hayti. A state department officer spoke very frankly of these. "For many years," he said, "European nations have realized the uselessness of attacking Hayti. Both the French and the Spanish have tried it and have been forced to retreat, not through any effort of the Haytians, but from the yellow fever that prevails there. Port au Prince is the very home of this disease, and it is deadly to foreigners, and would be especially so to Germans, who are used to a cold climate."

"Bombardment amounts to nothing. The town is a miserable one, mostly hovels, with a few two-story buildings owned by foreigners. The Germans are overbearing, of course, and their claims for damages are ridiculous, but probably they have lost patience with the delays and double dealing of the Haytians. We ourselves have valid claims against these gentry that they will not pay."

"The Monroe doctrine is not involved in the case at all. The Germans would all die of the fever if they tried to hold the island, and in any case the doctrine is not a voluntary bankruptcy act for the protection of swindling and fraudulent debtors. The case is parallel to that of the British at Corinto a few years ago, when we permitted Great Britain to satisfy the payment of a claim for personal damages."

Position of Germany.

Berlin, Dec. 7.—In the reichstag Monday Baron Von Bulow, the minister for foreign affairs, said, referring to Haiti: "We are not satisfied with the mere release of Lueders and have demanded satisfaction and compensation for his illegal incarceration, which was contrary to Haitian and international laws. We hope the government of Haiti will accept our legitimate and moderate demands, as, in addition to the justice of our claim, we have the will and the power to enforce it."

New York, Dec. 7.—A member of the firm of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. has admitted the truth of the report concerning the consolidation of the wire industry throughout the country. He stated that the details had not yet been perfected. The firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. is supposed to be financing the combination.

THE NEED OF A NAVY  
IS POINTED OUT

DEBATE ON THE SUBJECT BEGINS IN REICHSTAG

Hohenlohe's Statement—He Declares the Additional Vessels Asked For Are Absolutely Necessary to Maintain Germany's Position in the Front Rank.

Berlin, Dec. 7.—The reichstag Monday began the debate upon the first reading of the government's naval bill. The imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, made a statement on the subject, saying:

"We absolutely require an efficient navy to maintain the position created for us by the army. This conviction has gained ground with very large sections of the population, and I declare, in the name of the federated governments, that they consider as an imperative necessity that the navy should be fixed by legislative enactment. The bill, it is true, demands a certain sacrifice from the reichstag, but by its adoption the hands of the government will also be tied. The idea of a policy of adventure is far from the thoughts of the government as is any intention of rivalry with the great maritime powers. If we desire to secure a position in the concert of powers, which we must have, a fleet of modest dimensions will be adequate. I ask you to adopt the bill for the welfare of the fatherland."

LUETGERT ASKS AID.

Sausage-Maker Appeals to the Public for Advances.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Adolph L. Luetgert has issued a signed statement to the public asking for contributions to assist in paying the expenses of his second trial for his life. He asserts his innocence of the charge of murdering his wife, but points out that the efforts of the police may place him in great peril unless sufficient funds are at hand to meet all the demands entailed in the defense of a vigorously prosecuted case.

While examining veniemen yesterday Attorney Harmon, for the first time, publicly stated that Luetgert will take the stand and tell the story of what passed the night of May 7 in the sausage factory basement.

Accused Treasurer Caught.

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 7.—A telegram received in this city says that ex-State Treasurer C. B. Collins was arrested at his home in Cleon Water Saturday night and taken to Tallahassee to be tried. The grand jury now in session at Tallahassee has indicted Collins for embezzlement, alleging his shortage to be over \$52,000, and with the counties of the state \$13,000. Collins says Gov. Bloxham agreed if he would resign as state treasurer there would be no criminal prosecution, and that Miss Collins, his daughter, would be given a position in the treasurer's office with a good salary. Collins also says that if he is prosecuted he will make some startling exposures which will involve men who are now prosecuting him.

Jennings Band Is Captured.

Muscooke, I. T., Dec. 7.—Four members of the Jennings gang of outlaws were lodged in jail here Monday night. Al and Frank Jennings, the reputed leaders of the gang, are among the prisoners. The two Jennings brothers and Tom O'Malley were captured by four of United States Marshal Bennett's men while traveling in a covered wagon east of here toward the Arkansas line. The deputies surprised them on the road and they surrendered without firing a shot.

Reprimand to Lovering.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Secretary Alger on Monday made public the reprimand administered to Captain Lovering by sentence of court-martial. The secretary says: It is disappointing that an offense so grave and as an example so far reaching as this should have been visited with so light a penalty. There is no question that Private Hammond deserved punishment for his conduct, but he should have received it in a lawful way.

Germans Take Kiaochow.

London, Dec. 7.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Shanghai says a telegram has been received there from Chinan-Fu asserting that 200 German marines and sailors, with two machine guns, on Friday last (Dec. 3) entered the city of Kiaochow, eighteen miles from the bay, and took possession of the city walls and gates. They were not molested, the Chinese troops retreating as the Germans advanced.

Sunday for Peace Sermons.

Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 7.—William G. Hubbard, president of the Friends of America, has issued an announcement to clergymen throughout the country that it had been decided by the world's peace congress that the third Sunday in December should be "Peace Sunday," that ministers of the gospel should be invited to preach on peace and arbitration that day.

Michigan Land Cases Set.

Marquette, Mich., Dec. 7.—The register and receiver of the Marquette land office have set the dates in January for hearing the final proofs of the Michigan Land and Iron company to some 400,000 acres of land in the peninsula which is in controversy between the land company and the settlers.

WALLER IN THE LEAD.

He Adds Fifty-Seven Miles to Hale's World Mark.

New York, Dec. 7.—At 1 o'clock this morning the crowd which thronged Madison Square garden all night had thinned out, and very few people were present to watch the seventeen remaining riders in the six-day championship race pedal their way around the course. Those riding at 1 o'clock were: Waller, Stephane, Rivierre, Schinnerer, Miller, Moore, Pierce, Rice, Reading, Golden, Elkes, Enterman, Barnaby, King, McLeod, Smith and Beacon. The other riders who have not retired permanently from the race were asleep. At the end of the final twenty-four hours Waller had covered 433 miles 3 laps, beating Hale's twenty-four-hour record made last year by fifty-seven miles three laps.

Miners Take No Action.

La Salle, Ill., Dec. 7.—No action has been taken by the coal miners on account of the troubles of the coal haulers, in their reduction, nor is it likely that any action will be taken now, as the citizens of LaSalle will not tolerate it. The LaSalle people sympathized and supported the miners during the five long months of idleness caused by the strike, and not only they but the miners themselves who use good judgment say that their grievances have been settled satisfactorily and the haulers are not compelled to haul coal from shafts where the cut has been made.

Situation at Dawson City.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 7.—Henry Ferguson, the partner of Alex. McDonald, speaking of affairs on the Klondike, said he believed there would be no actual starvation in Dawson City this winter, the danger being materially lessened by the sending of hundreds of the inhabitants to Fort Yukon. The food shortage, however, he said, would seriously affect the winter's gold production. Not more than 2,000 men can work this winter, while if food were plentiful 8,000 could be profitably employed.

Addressed by Lieutenant Peary.

London, Dec. 7.—There was a large and notable gathering here today, under the auspices of the Royal Geographical Society, to hear an address on arctic exploration by Lieutenant Peary, U. S. N. Next week the explorer will address the Scotch Geographical Society in Edinburgh. Meantime he will inspect a number of steam whalers that have been offered for the purpose of his arctic expedition next spring.

May Lose Pine Lake Grounds.

Laporte, Ind., Dec. 7.—Proceedings were brought in circuit court on Monday to foreclose a mortgage held on the property of the Pine Lake Baptist association. J. T. Polk of Greenwood and W. T. Stott, president of Franklin college, are mentioned as defendants. The claim is \$8,000, and the foreclosure will mean the loss of the assembly grounds, together with the buildings of the association.

Rioting at Bucharest.

Bucharest, Dec. 7.—An anti-Hebrew riot was started here yesterday by a mob of Roumanian students. The disturbance was caused by the circulation of a rumor that a Roumanian had been murdered by a mob of Hebrews. Many excesses were committed during the disturbance, which was finally quelled by the police, who made a hundred arrests.

Negro Abductor Captured.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 7.—Joe Johnson, the mulatto accused of enticing Kate Neill, a white girl, from her home in Sweet Springs, Mo., has been captured in Missoula. He admits having taken the girl away from her home, but declares he left her in Butte, having persuaded her to go back to her home.

G. H. Rugg Dies at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Ill., Dec. 7.—George H. Rugg died at his home in this city Sunday afternoon, aged 74. He was the inventor of the reaper but never got a patent for it, though his machine was on the market for three years ahead of McCormick's.

Honors Governor's Daughter.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Secretary Long has addressed a letter to Miss Christine Bradley asking her to do him the honor to christen the battle ship Kentucky. This action was taken with the consent of Governor Bradley.

Corean Puts Back to Port.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 7.—The steamship Corean, from New York for Glasgow, has put in here, having been in collision with an unknown steamer.

Good Record at Rockford, Ill.

Rockford, Ill., Dec. 7.—Gen. Thomas G. Lawler Monday completed thirty years' incumbency as commander of G. L. Nevins post, G. A. R. of Rockford, a record without parallel in the annals of the great veteran organization. At night he was elected commander for the thirty-first time, there being no opposition.

Judge McClellan Very Ill.

Columbia City, Ind., Dec. 7.—Judge McClellan, who represented the twelfth district in congress from 1889 to 1893, was stricken with paralysis at his home in Auburn Monday and his death is momentarily expected.

Deep Snowdrifts in Spain.

Bilbao, Spain, Dec. 7.—Railroad trains have been snowed in at several points in this part of the country, the drifts reaching to the carriage windows.

MRS. M'KINLEY LIES  
CLOSE TO DEATH

NO HOPE FOR THE PRESIDENT'S MOTHER.

Suffers a Sinking Spell and It Was Thought Life Was Extinct But a Reaction Followed and Later She Regained Consciousness For a Time.

Canton, O., Dec. 7.—At 10:30 o'clock Monday night Mrs. McKinley experienced one of the sinking spells during which life seemed to be almost extinct. There were moments when she did not seem to breathe. It seemed doubtful whether she would rally. Her pulse was weak and uncertain, more so than at any other time, and her breathing was difficult.

There was a surprise for the children and friends gathered about the bedside of Mrs. Nancy Allison McKinley in the afternoon. She regained consciousness sufficiently to recognize not only her children, but to extend greeting to them, to her aged sister, Mrs. Osborne, and to others who were near.

Washington, Dec. 7.—President McKinley left Washington at 7:20 o'clock Monday night to return to the bedside of his mother at Canton. With him were Mrs. McKinley, Miss Mabel McKinley, Assistant Secretary of State Day, Miss Barber, Abner McKinley, A. J. Duncan, two maids and the steward of the white house. The party occupied the special Pullman car Newport, which was attached to the rear of the regular western express.

Tries to Kill His Father.

Davenport, Iowa, Dec. 7.—Richard Steinecke, the 19-year-old son of a well-known farmer of this county, was placed on trial Monday for attempting to murder his father Sept. 8. The boy confesses the deed, saying that he had planned the killing of his father ever since his mother's death, when he was 9 years old. The father recovered after lying at a hospital here about a month. The boy's defense will be undeveloped intellect and yielding to a morbid and irresistible impulse.

Victory for an American Fighter.

London, Dec. 7.—Jimmy Barry of Chicago, American champion, knocked out Walter Croot of Newcastle, English champion, in their fight for the bantam-weight championship of the world before the National Sporting club Monday night. The finishing blow, a straight right-hander on Croot's jaw, was delivered in the twentieth round, only forty seconds before the expiration of the stipulated limit of the fight. Barry was slightly favored in the betting. He scaled at 107 pounds and Croot at 104.

Mr. Cleveland's Son Sick.

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 7.—The Princeton friends of ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland have been much alarmed at the report of the illness of the infant son of the ex-president. Baby Richard was taken for a short drive Sunday afternoon in company with Mrs. Cleveland and the other children, and at night the little one showed evidence of illness. Local doctors were with the child all day, and improvement in its condition is announced.

Indiana Silver Men to Meet.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 7.—Representatives of the Democratic party in Indiana are here to attend the meeting of the state committee. The meeting will issue the call for the county and district meetings for the reorganization of the party. It is announced that only "tried and true" silver men will be welcome.

Rescued from a Mine.

Pittston, Pa., Dec. 7.—An explosion of gas in the Clear Springs mine will cost three men their lives. The remarkable escape of seven others from a living tomb forms a thrilling incident of the accident. The men escaped bodily harm and were rescued after several hours' work. The mine is damaged.

Senate Is to Have No Liquor.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The senate committee on rules has instructed the sergeant-at-arms of the senate to enforce the rules of the senate prohibiting the sale of liquor in the senate wing of the capitol. There was no liquor on sale in the senate restaurant during the day.

Gage Submits Estimates.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Secretary Gage transmitted to congress the estimates of appropriations required for the service of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, as furnished by the several executive departments. The total amount called for by the estimates is \$462,647,885, which is about \$32,000,000 in excess of the appropriations for 1898, including deficiencies and miscellaneous, and about \$41,000,000 more than the estimates for 1898.

Solon Is Badly Hurt.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Representative Belden of New York, one of the veteran members of the house, was seriously injured Monday afternoon by falling down the marble stairs leading from the floor of the house to the basement of the capitol.

Refuse to Accept Reduced Wages.

Manchester, Dec. 7.—The result of the ballot of the associations of cotton operatives is almost unanimous against accepting the reduction in wages proposed by the employers.



A MAN IS HELD UP BY TWO FOOT PADS

BOLD CRIME COMMITTED NEAR LIMA.

Thomas Carl Loses His Watch and Money the Highwaymen Choking Him Until He Parted With His Valuables—The Weeks Events at Milton—County News.

Lima, Center, Dec. 7.—While Tom Carl was on his way to Whitewater, last Friday, he was attacked by two men who succeeded in choking him, and relieving him of his watch and two or three dollars in change. Mrs. Bates, who has been keeping house for D. C. Bacon, returned to her home at Whitewater, last week. Mr. Wurstler's father and sister are visiting him. Mrs. Salke, who has been taking treatment at Milwaukee, returned home Friday. The dances at Will Collins, Saturday evening, was poorly attended. DeWitt Bacon carried off the first duck at the shoot, Friday. Alice Carroll is visiting her folks at Albany, this week. Frank Walker and wife visited at George Fellows', in Johnson, Sunday. Miss Edna returned with them, to stay until the next day.

THE NEWS OF MILTON TOWN

Items of Interest Gathered by The Gazette Correspondent.

THE GAZETTE AGENCY, W. W. CLARKE, Manager, Milton, Wis., Dec. 7, 1897.

Reports have been circulated by evilly disposed persons that the G. C. Mansfield company, proprietors of the new creamery were not financially responsible. The facts in the case are as follows. This company is regularly incorporated under the laws of this state with a paid up capital of \$100,000 are doing a business of over \$500,000 per annum and pay spot cash asking no credit. All the parties interested are men of good reputation and habits of good business ability, reliable and honest, their payments being met promptly and their standing and credit good in the ratings of commercial agencies.

We clip the following item of interest from the Milwaukee Sentinel: Mrs. George H. Ide and Miss Ide, 211 Seventeenth street, gave an informal at home last evening in honor of Miss Lucy Walker of Milton, the new president of the Woman's Board of Missions of the Interior, and Mrs. Blakester, the Milwaukee district secretary. The guests were the officers and chairman of the Woman's union of Grand Avenue Congregational church and the chairman of the Senior and Junior Missionary societies of Hanover street, Plymouth, Piquet and North Side Congregational churches.

The O. E. society of the Congregational church, will hold a bazaar in the church parlors, the evening of Wednesday, Dec. 15, and the afternoon and evening of Dec. 16. All are cordially invited. Supper Wednesday evening 10 cents. A 25 cent ticket admits you to the concert Thursday evening and gives you one chance on a beautiful silk quilt. This quilt will be on exhibition for a few days preceding the bazaar, at T. I. Place's store. Don't buy Christmas presents until you see the pretty things at the bazaar.

The live hog market was active and at the close of the week prices were firm, local buyers paying \$3.15 for light hogs and \$3.00 for heavy, which is within thirty cents per hundred of Milwaukee prices. The grain trade is not quite so brisk and the movement is light. Car load shipments from this station for the week were as follows: Vincent and Hesseger, seven cars hogs. J. S. Fetherston, one car each of corn, oats and hay. G. B. Fetherston, one car of wheat.

The following are the officers elected of Du Lac lodge No. 322 I. O. O. F. the coming term. O. E. Orcutt—N. G. B. F. Ballard—V. G. W. H. Walworth—Sec. P. M. Green—P. S. W. W. Clarke—Treas. W. P. Marquart—Trustee. C. V. Wells returned from his visit at Dodge Center, Minn., Friday. He was accompanied by his nephew, Robert Wells of that place, who comes here to visit his sister, Miss Anna Wells.

The King's Daughters will give a "pound party" for the benefit of Mrs. J. M. Pfeiffer on Thursday evening, December 16. A worthy object and the donations should be large as they are needed.

Rev. D. K. Davis preached at the Seventh-Day Baptist church Saturday morning, Rev. Dr. Platts officiating at the funeral service of Mrs. Lydia Sunders, at Rock River.

The officers of the King's Daughters elected Monday evening are: Mrs. L. A. Platte, leader; Miss Bessie Clarke.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair. Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

vice leader; Miss Alice Millar, secretary; Miss Mary Borden, treasurer; Mrs. O. D. Crumb and Miss Cora Goodrich, tellers; Miss G. M. Woolley, chairman work committee.

Ben. Anderson of Poyssippi, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Anderson, was on his way to Battle Creek, Mich., where he will enter the Advent college.

M. C. Whitford spent Sunday at home this week. He is at South Milwaukee, talking up the merits of woven wire fencing.

A. A. Krape, of Lena, Ill., was a visitor at Du Lac lodge Monday evening and saw the first degree conferred. Rev. J. N. Anderson of Madison was the guest of his brother, J. C. Anderson, last week.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. George Bacon a daughter. Birthday Monday, December 6, 1897.

W. H. Ingham, who represents a large Philadelphia concern, spent Sunday at home. The night passenger going west now leaves here at 9:45 p. m. instead of 10:50.

Harry Hart and wife have moved into the rooms over T. I. Place's store.

We are having excellent sleighing here on two inches of snow.

L. B. CASWELL HURT AT JUNCTION

Thrown From Buggy, But Injuries Not Serious—Other News.

THE GAZETTE AGENCY, Mrs. E. D. COON, Manager, Milton Junction, Dec. 7, 1897.

Quite a number of our people attended the funeral of Aunt Lydia Saunders, of Rock River Saturday. A slight accident occurred on the return from the funeral. Hon. L. B. Caswell and Dr. Ogden, of Ft. Atkinson, were in attendance. Their team became frightened and ran away throwing Mr. Caswell out, but no serious injury was done. The team ran into a wire fence and was stopped.

Mr. and Mrs. George K. Butts are happy over the arrival of a baby girl one day the past week. Charles Ogden and family visited at Albion Sunday. Lafayette Coon returned from Ft. Atkinson Saturday. He is improving fast and will only have to visit the doctor once a week. Mr. Crosby and family from Farina, Ill., are now occupying part of Mrs. Frank Wells house. The I. O. G. T. will hold a hulled corn and milk social with Mrs. Emma Gilbert Thursday evening of this week. Everybody invited. Mrs. Sheward is putting his stock of goods in the store on the Kelley block, which he will occupy. Earl and Robert Kelley have their grocery and jewelry stock moved into their new quarters in the Kelly block. They look very nice and have as comfortable quarters as anyone in town.

At the S. D. B. church meeting Sunday Ed Holston was appointed choir leader. Miss Laura Burdick organist. Rev. Frank Burdick will stay another year.

E. D. Coon will attend the funeral of Mrs. Grayton at the Scotch Presbyterian on Rock River Tuesday and will go from Johnston to Walworth on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Frink have gone to spend the winter with their daughter, Mrs. Maltress near Newville.

The advent meeting closed Sunday night. A large number of the people were in attendance.

Rev. Stephens has been entertaining company from out of town the past week.

Loez James and family visited in Fulton Sunday.

THE PAST WEEK AT MAGNOLIA

Miss Koppka Very Sick—Social Events Much Enjoyed—Other News.

Magnolia, Dec. 7.—Miss Martha Koppka, who has been sick with lung trouble for a year, is now very sick with pneumonia. Bayard Andrew is sick with la grippe. A small party of relatives and friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Howard, last Tuesday, it being the day before Mrs. Kate Whitney took her departure for Lancaster, to spend the winter with her children. Dinner was served, and several tokens of appreciation were given Mrs. Whitney, with many wishes a safe journey and happy winter, with a return home in the early spring. There will be a donation for Elder Newton, Christmas day, at the home of Wallace Andrew. Oysters, with everything else that is good, will be provided. Come everybody, and have a good time. C. O. Howard and W. Andrew are at home again. Lulu Howard attended the party given by Miss Grace Acheson of Janesville, last Friday evening. Will Acheson who has been sick with abscesses is much better. Miss Anton Cole spent several days of last week with her parents in Evansville. Miss Almira Emmons is on the sick list. Mrs. Ed Worthing entertained a number of friends last Thursday. Mr. Al Smith and family of Evansville, were in attendance at the advent church Sunday morning. An agent from Evansville has been canvassing the town taking orders for a Pictorial Bible. It is due for children. Mrs. Ware of Evansville, has quite a large class of music scholars here. I. D. Olifford and wife of Evansville, were callers at H. Clifford's Sunday.

SHOPIERE NEWS AND Gossip.

Items Gathered By the Gazette Correspondent at That Place.

Shopiere, Dec. 7.—Ellis G. Lewis will spend the winter in this place with his daughter, Mrs. John Weirick. He will arrive here from Dakota this week. Ralph Howard is buying all kinds of cattle and hogs for the Chicago market. He shipped two car loads on Monday last. Don't forget the Rogal Neighbors' entertainment on Friday evening, Dec. 10, at the M. E.

Continued on Page 7.

PRINT BIG EDITION FOR GREEN COUNTY

GAZETTE SPECIAL ISSUE IS WELL RECEIVED.

Monroe, Brodhead and Albany Merchants Endorse the Plan and Will Be Well Represented In Its Columns—Special Matter Relating to Industries and Prospects

Interest in The Gazette's special Green County Edition, is growing. Copy is pouring in, and it is apparent that the space limit will be taxed.

Verified mailing lists for every city and village in Green county and every tributary township, have been prepared, and The Gazette will be placed in more than 3,800 Green county homes, Wednesday, December 16.

Green county people are taking a lively interest in the edition. Their advertising will be a feature of the issue, they recognizing its value in reaching every part of the county.

The edition will contain many columns of news and descriptive matter from Green county. Half tone engravings of public buildings, business blocks and residences are being made especially for illustrating this edition, and Gazette representatives thoroughly familiar with the field are preparing matter.

The time required for making and printing half tone cuts, restricts the issue to sixteen pages. Those wishing space are asked to notify Gazette representatives as early as possible.

THE COST OF RAISING CORN

Result of Careful Computations of the State Agricultural Board.

An investigation has been nearly completed by the Wisconsin labor bureau which gives what are supposed to be the most accurate figures in this country on the cost of farm products. Commissioner Halford Erickson has completed one of the several tables showing the cost of production and profit on 1,000 acres of corn and the figures show some interesting facts. They show the cost of production and the value of the product of 1,000 acres or 42,000 bushels of corn; also the amount by the bushel an acre in each case is shown.

The data for this was obtained from seventy farmers on schedule as prepared for that purpose. In order to afford them the opportunity of making observations as the work progressed the schedules were placed in their hands early in the season, or before the work began in the spring. A large number of these schedules have now been returned and the bureau is now engaged in examining and compiling them.

The schedules were so arranged that answers show the amount of capital invested in land including permanent improvements thereon, machinery and horses, the rate of wages paid for labor with or without board, etc., included, the time required for a given number of men to perform each distinct part or class of the labor involved, the expense of seed, taxes, maintenance of horses and of keeping up the soil, the approximate annual depreciation of machinery and horses and the rate of interest paid. Besides the average yield an acre, price per bushel and the value of stalks as fodder are shown.

The report says: "It appears that the annual investment foots up to \$8 13 an acre or 19 36 cents a bushel, equivalent to 70 79 per cent. of the total cost including interest. The total cost an acre is 27 27 cents a bushel. The greatest single item of expense is that of interest or rent of the land used. Next in order comes husking and fertilizing. The reason husking comes so high, is that in order to get the most value out of the same stalks, for fodder, the corn was cut and put in shocks or stacks before husking and to husk from the shock is much slower work than when the corn is standing in the field.

"The average yearly yield an acre during the period of six years is forty-two bushels, and the average price 31.5 cents a bushel. Stalks are valued at \$3 85 an acre. As the average yield an acre was estimated to be somewhat above two tons, this would place the value at about \$1 40 a ton. This is certainly not an exorbitant price. The total value of all products is \$17 08 an acre.

"This balance of \$7 523 94 capitalized at 12 per cent, or \$62,699.50 for 1,000 acres. This makes the value \$62 70 an acre.

F. C. HASELTON AT THE HEAD

Oriental Lodge Elects Him As Chancellor Commander.

Oriental Lodge Knights of Pythias last night elected officers as follows: C. C.—F. C. Haselton. V. C.—A. E. Tanberg. K. of R. and S.—C. O. Russell. M. of F.—B. H. Baldwin. M. of E.—S. B. Heddles. M. of W.—F. L. Clemons. M. of A.—Geo. S. Parker. I. G.—E. H. Murdock. O. G.—O. J. Myhr. Trustees for three years—E. A. Hyde.

WEDDING BELLS RANG TODAY

Wisch-Dick.

Miss Edith Dick and Perry Wisch were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Wisch, 63 West Milwaukee street, yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Rev. W. H. Wotton officiating. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Dick of Dayton, Wis., and the groom is the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Wisch. Both young people are well known and start out in life with the well wishes of many friends.

NEWS OF DAY ABOUT TOWN

SUPPER

TOMORROW every

CONGREGATIONAL church.

Hot fried oysters. Hot! Hot!

The Twilight club meets tonight.

The Concordia society's dance occurs this evening.

The Knights of the Globe meet this evening.

Western Star Lodge will meet tonight at Masonic hall.

The Fire Police meet tonight at the East Side fire station.

This is the regular meeting night for Janesville City Lodge, No. 90, I. O. O. F.

The National Union meets tonight, according to schedule.

This is the regular meeting night for the Knights of the Macabees.

This being the first Tuesday of the month, a meeting of the Federal Labor Union is set for tonight.

THERE will be a game of indoor ball between the Y. M. C. A. and Light Infantry teams of the Armory tonight.

HORACE L. CHURCH had two fingers crushed while coupling cars at Oshkosh Sunday.

I write this to let you know what I would not do: I would not do without Chamberlain's Pain Balm in my house, if it cost \$5 00 per bottle. It does all you recommended it to do and more.—J. R. WALLACE, Wallaceville, Ga.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the best household liniment in the world, and invaluable for rheumatism, lame back, sprains and bruises. Be ready for emergencies by buying a bottle at C. D. Stevens' drug store, corner Main and Milwaukee street.

BARBERS ENJOY A BANQUET

Celebrate the Tenth Anniversary of the Formation of the Union.

The barbers of Janesville marked the tenth anniversary of the organization of the Journeymen Barbers' International Union, at Central Labor Hall, last evening, with a banquet served by G. A. Shurtleff. M. H. Whittaker was toastmaster, and several of the tonorial artists made speeches. Those present were:

George H. Erredge, W. C. Kober, John U. Fulton, M. M. Whitaker, James F. Sweeney, T. J. Anderson, William Mason, Harry Reynolds, Harry Phillips, W. M. Dexter, Charles W. Wisch, J. B. Griffin, Carl Knappfeld, W. H. Warner, O. P. Mathews, A. A. Blunt, Merton Brennan, William Hough, Joseph W. Harvey, Wallace J. Watts.

EPWORTH LEAGUE ELECTION

Chauncey Sandell Is Chosen as President—The Other Officers.

The Epworth League of Court Street M. E. church held its regular monthly business meeting in the church parlors last evening. The following officers were elected:

President—Chauncey Sandell.

First Vice President—Mrs. J. L. Hay.

Second Vice President—Miss Harriet L. German.

Third Vice President—John Groeckbeck.

Fourth Vice President—J. L. Hay.

Secretary—Miss Rena Dewey.

Treasurer—Frank Hogoboom.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

MYERS GRAND

W. H. STODDARD LESSEE & MANAGER

One Performance Only.

THURSDAY, DEC. 9TH.

MR. DAVID HIGGINS

In His Beautiful Southern Play,

'AT....

Piney Ridge

NOW PLAYING AT McVICKERS IN CHICAGO.

Supported by a company of unusual merit and staged with all the original effects used in its New York and Chicago presentation.

Prices, 25c; 50c; 75c; \$1.00.

Seat sale opens Wednesday evening at 7:00 p. m.

Great Ingenuity is displayed these days in the manufacture of ladies' hosiery, in giving variety of pattern, color or texture. So we can show you an almost endless variety of pretty things in that line. Just in plaids and stripes at 50c and 75c.

When you can buy ready-made such things at our prices, can you afford to make them? Our muslin underwear, so well made, such good muslin, so fine fitting. All sizes in drawers, for women, and children, 25c. Our Pillow Cases, our excellent Wrappers, our Skirts, over or under, our wool velvet, and silk Waists splendid styles.

Liberty Silk—Recently received all colors: useful for many purposes.

Furs—Capes and collars in great variety. Every woman wants a fur scarf and our prices admit of every woman having one. New things just in. MUFFS in marten, thibet, electric seal, astrakhan, etc.; excellent grades, low prices. Children's sets, always in demand. We have pretty little styles at small cost.

OUR SHIP HAS ARRIVED

And our shelves are now filled with

NEW GOODS

Bought at the lowest market prices. We have a great many bargains. Here are a few of them:

Uncolored Japan Tea.....25c

Fancy Mixed Candies, 10.....10c

12 big boxes Parlor Matches.....10c

Mammoth box Dry Bluing.....5c

5 quires smooth finish Note Paper.....10c

14 qt. Dish Pan.....14c

8 in. Decorated China Plate.....7c

9 in. White Dinner Plate.....5c

600 Carp T. Tacks.....5c

500 page Pencil Tablet.....5c

Strong 3-sewed Horse Broom.....15c

Ladies' 3-ft. Work Table.....55c

Large Clothes Basket.....15c

And the biggest variety of Toys and Holiday Goods in Janesville.

We want you to call and examine our goods and prices. You will find it to your interest to do so.

RIDER'S, near Grand Hotel 163 W. Milwaukee St.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SON THE BIG STORE 20, 22, 24, 26 S. MAIN ST. JANESVILLE, WIS. WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP



Envroned With Beauty,

in beauty in style and novelty is milady in her winter outfit. All of the frills and finery necessary for good form in the ward robe in belts, handkerch's gloves, ties, gowns, etc.; for the hotel, or those who live at home will be be found here in varied and attractive styles and in correct taste.

Seasonable Things Below.

Bureau Scarfs—Such a line.

Hundreds of them. Made an immense purchase in September. Prettiest styles we have ever shown in Irish Point, Tambour, Point d'esprit, etc. And the prices, 75c, 85c, \$1, for beauties; others to \$3.

Oriental Novelties—An en

tirely new assortment; spreads, floor cushion and sofa pillow covers, etc. Bagdad effects. Persian stripe stuff for drapery purposes. Its a show worth seeing.

Silk Umbrellas—Beautiful

handles rich grades of silk, bought especially for Christmas trade. Have them for men or women; make sensible presents.

Rare Ribbon Values—For

Fancy work we show a large range of colors in all silk satin ribbons. Prices, 5, 7, 9, are 5c; 12, 16, 22 are 10c; Faucy Ribbons, 150 pieces, 3 to 4 1/2 inch, rich brocaded Persian effects, iridescent stripes, morie taffettas, Roman stripes, etc., worth double our price, 25c.

Furs—Capes and collars in

great variety. Every woman wants a fur scarf and our prices admit of every woman having one. New things just in. MUFFS in marten, thibet, electric seal, astrakhan, etc.; excellent grades, low prices. Children's sets, always in demand. We have pretty little styles at small cost.

Liberty Silk—Recently re

ceived all colors: useful for many purposes.

When you can buy ready-

made such things at our

prices, can you afford to

make them? Our muslin

underwear, so well

made, such good muslin,

so fine fitting. All sizes in

drawers, for women, and

children, 25c. Our Pillow

Cases, our excellent

Wrappers, our Skirts,

over or under, our wool

velvet, and silk Waists

splendid styles.

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velvet, and silk Waists

splendid styles.

Crimped Crust ...BREAD

Rich; sweet; moist; whole-

some; sense-delighting.

Baked by....

PAUL GEHRKE

19 N. Main Street, Janesville,

Wis., in a "Crimped Crust"

Bread Pan, which holds the

steam in the bread, retaining

all the aroma, flavor and nu-

triment of the wheat—some-

thing well understood in

making coffee.

Every Dog Has His Day"

and the turkey has just had his. A good,

juicy slice of our prime roast beef, a choice

leg, saddle or loin of mutton or lamb, or any



## THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

## McKinley's First Annual Address to Congress.

## CONGRATULATES THE COUNTRY

**Favors the Currency Plan Submitted by Secretary Gage—Cuban War Gets Considerable Attention—Recognition Not Advised—Bimetallism Commission Not Yet Discharged—Hawaii and Other Countries.**

Following is the full text of President McKinley's message to Congress, which met Monday:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: It gives me pleasure to extend greeting to the LVth congress assembled at the seat of government, with many of whose senators and representatives I have been associated in the legislative service.

The extra session of this congress, which closed July last, enacted important legislation, and while its full effect has not yet been realized, what it has already accomplished assures us of its timeliness and wisdom. To test its permanent value further time will be required and the people, satisfied with its operation and results thus far, are in no mind to withhold from it a fair trial.

## Finance Question Next.

Tariff legislation having been settled by the extra session of congress, the question next pressing for consideration is that of the currency. The work of putting our finance upon a sound basis, difficult as it may seem, will appear easily when we recall the financial operations of the government since 1866. On the 30th day of June of that year we had outstanding demand liabilities to the amount of \$78,888,447.41. On the 1st of January, 1873, these liabilities had been reduced to \$43,889,495.88. Of our interest-bearing obligations the figures are even more striking. On July 1, 1866, the principal of the interest-bearing debt of the government was \$2,332,331.208. On the 1st day of July, 1893, this sum had been reduced to \$385,037,199, or an aggregate reduction of \$1,947,294,108. The interest-bearing debt of the United States on the 1st day of December, 1897, was \$347,365,620. The government money now outstanding (December 1) consists of \$346,681,016 of United States notes, \$107,733,280 of treasury notes, issued by authority of the law of 1890; \$24,963,503 of silver certificates and \$61,280,761 of standard silver dollars.

With the great resources of the government and with the honorable example of the past before us, we ought not to hesitate to enter upon a currency revision which will make our demand obligations less onerous to the government and relieve our financial laws from ambiguity and doubt. The brief review of what was accomplished from the close of the war to 1893 makes unreasonable and groundless any distrust either of our financial ability or soundness; while the situation from 1893 to 1897 must admonish congress of the immediate necessity of so legislating as to make the return of the conditions then prevailing impossible.

## Many Plans Are Proposed.

There are many plans proposed as a remedy for the evil. Before we can find the true remedy we must appreciate the real evil. It is not that our currency of every kind is not good, for every dollar of it is good; good because the government's pledge is out to keep it so, and that pledge will not be broken. However, the guaranty of our purpose to keep the pledge will be best shown by advancing toward its fulfillment. The evil of the present system is found in the great cost to the government of maintaining the parity of our different forms of money—that is, keeping all of them at par with gold. We surely cannot be longer heedless of the burden this imposes upon the people, even under fairly prosperous conditions, while the last four years have demonstrated that it is not only an expensive charge upon the government, but a dangerous menace to the national credit. It is manifest that we must devise some plan to protect the government against bond issues for repeated redemptions. We must either curtail the opportunity for speculation, made easy by the multiplied redemptions of our demand obligations, or increase the gold reserve for their redemption. We have \$300,000,000 of currency which the government by solemn enactment has undertaken to keep at par with gold. Nobody is obliged to redeem gold but the government. The banks are not required to redeem in gold. The government is obliged to keep equal with gold all its outstanding currency and coin obligations, while its receipts are not required to be paid in gold. They are paid in every kind of money but gold, and the only means by which the government can with certainty get gold is by borrowing. It can get it in no other way when it most needs it. The government without any fixed gold revenue is pledged to maintain gold redemption, which it has steadily and faithfully done, and which under the authority now given it will continue to do.

## Gold Must Be Replenished.

The law which requires the government after having redeemed its United States notes to pay them out again as current funds demands a constant replenishment of the gold reserve. This is especially in times of business panic, and when the revenues are insufficient to meet the expenses of the government. At such times the government has no other way to supply its deficit and maintain redemption but through the increase of its bonded debt, as during the administration of my predecessor, when \$262,315,400 of four- and a half per cent bonds were issued and sold and the proceeds used to pay the expenses of the government in excess of the revenues and sustain the gold reserve. While it is true that the greater part of the proceeds of these bonds were used to supply deficient revenue, a considerable portion was required to maintain the gold reserve. With our revenues equal to our requirements there would be no deficit requiring the issuance of bonds. But if the gold reserve falls below \$100,000,000, how will it be replenished except by selling more bonds? Is there any other way practicable under existing law? The serious question then is, shall we continue the policy that has been pursued in the past—that is, when the gold reserve reaches the point of danger issue more bonds and supply the needed gold, or shall we provide other means to prevent these recurring drains upon the gold reserve? If no further legislation is had and the policy of selling bonds is to be continued, then congress should give the secretary of the treasury authority to sell bonds at long or short periods, bearing a less rate of interest than is now authorized by law. I earnestly recommend, as soon as the receipts of the government are quite sufficient to pay all the expenses of the government that, when any of the United States notes are presented for redemption in gold and are redeemed in gold such notes shall be kept and set apart, and only paid out in exchange for gold. This is an obvious duty.

## To Maintain the Reserve.

If the holder of the United States notes prefers the gold and gets it from the government he should not receive back from the government a United States note with-

out paying gold in exchange for it. The reason for this is made all the more apparent when the government issues an interest-bearing debt to provide gold for the redemption of United States notes—a non-interest-bearing debt. Surely it should not pay them out again except on demand and for gold. If they are put out in any other way they may return again to be followed by another bond issue to redeem them—another interest-bearing debt to redeem a non-interest-bearing debt. In my view it is of the utmost importance that the government should be relieved from the burden of providing all the gold required for exchanges and exports. This responsibility is alone borne by the government without any of the usual and necessary banking powers to help itself. The banks do not feel the strain of gold redemption. The whole strain rests upon the government and the size of the gold reserve in the treasury has come to be, with or without reason, the signal of danger or of security. It ought to be stopped. If we are to have an era of prosperity in the country, with sufficient receipts for the expenses of the government, we may feel no immediate embarrassment from our present currency; but the danger still exists and will be ever present, menacing us so long as the existing system continues. And, besides, it is in times of adequate revenues and business tranquillity that the government should prepare for the worst. We cannot avoid, without serious consequences, the wise consideration and prompt solution of this question. The secretary of the treasury has outlined a plan in great detail for the purpose of removing the threatened recurrence of a depleted gold reserve, and to save us from future embarrassment on that account. To this plan I invite your careful consideration.

## Indorses Secretary Gage.

I concur with the secretary of the treasury in his recommendation that national banks be allowed to issue notes to the face value of the bonds which they have deposited for circulation, and that the tax on circulating notes secured by deposit of such bonds be reduced to one-half of one per cent per annum. I also join him in recommending that authority be given for the establishment of national banks with minimum capital of \$25,000. This will enable the smaller villages and agricultural regions of the country to be supplied with currency to meet their needs.

I recommend that the issue of national bank notes be restricted to the denomination of \$10 and upward. If the suggestions I have herein made shall have the approval of congress, then I would recommend that national banks be required to redeem their notes in gold. The most important problem with which this government is now called upon to deal pertaining to its foreign relations concerns its duty toward Spain and the Cuban insurrection. Problems and conditions more or less in common with those now existing have confronted this government at various times in the past. The story of Cuba for many years has been one of unrest, growing discontent, an effort toward a larger enjoyment of liberty and self-control; of organized resistance to the mother country; of depression after distress and of warfare and of ineffectual settlement to be followed by renewed revolt. For no enduring period since the enfranchisement of the continental possessions of Spain in the western continent has the condition of Cuba or the policy of Spain toward Cuba been one of peace to the United States. The prospect from time to time that the weakness of Spain's hold upon the island and the political vicissitudes and embarrassments of the home government might lead to the transfer of Cuba to a continental power called forth, between 1823 and 1890, various emphatic declarations of the policy of the United States to permit no disturbance of Cuba's connection with Spain unless in the direction of independence or acquisition by us through purchase—or has there been any change of this declared policy since upon the part of the government.

## Situation in Cuba Grave.

The revolution which began in 1895 lasted for ten years despite the strenuous efforts of the successive peninsular governments to suppress it. Then, as now, the government of the United States testified its grave concern and offered its aid to put an end to bloodshed in Cuba. The overtures made by Gen. Grant were refused and the war dragged on, entailing great loss of life and treasure and increased injury to American interests, besides throwing enhanced burdens of neutrality on the government. In 1878 peace was brought about by the truce of Zanjon, obtained by negotiations between the Spanish commander, Martinez de Campos, and the insurgent leaders.

The present insurrection broke out in February, 1895. It is not my purpose at this time to recall its remarkable increase or to characterize its tenacious resistance, against the enormous forces massed against it by Spain. The revolt and the efforts to subdue it carried destruction to every quarter of the island, developing wide proportions and defying the efforts of Spain for its suppression. The civilized code of war has been disregarded, no less so by the Spaniards than by the Cubans.

The existing conditions cannot but fill this government and the American people with the gravest apprehension. There is no desire on the part of our people to profit by the misfortunes of Spain. We have only the desire to see the Cubans prosperous and contented, enjoying that measure of self-control which is the inalienable right of man, protected in their rights to the benefit of the exchange of their treasures of their country. The offer made by my predecessor in April, 1896, tendering the friendly offices of this government failed. Any mediation on our part was not accepted. In brief, the answer read: "There is no effectual way to pacify Cuba unless it begins with the actual submission of the rebels to the mother country." The only could Spain and the promised direction of her own motion and after her own plan.

## Calls Spain's Policy Cruel.

The cruel policy of concentration was initiated February 15, 1896. The productive districts controlled by the Spanish armies were depopulated. The agricultural inhabitants were herded in and about the garrison towns, their lands laid waste and their dwellings destroyed. This policy of the late cabinet of Spain was justified as a necessary measure of war against the insurgents. It was utterly failed as a means of subduing the rebellion and as a means of securing peace. It was not a measure of war. It was extermination.

Against this abuse of the rights of war I have felt constrained on repeated occasions to enter the firm and earnest protest of this government. There was much of public condemnation of the treatment of American citizens by alleged illegal means, and a long imprisonment awaiting trial or pending protracted judicial proceedings.

I felt it my first duty to make instant demand for the release or speedy trial of all American citizens under arrest. Before the change of the Spanish cabinet in October last, twenty-two prisoners, citizens of the United States, had been given their freedom.

For the relief of our own citizens suffering because of the conflict the aid of congress was sought in a special message, and under the appropriation of April 4, 1897, effective aid has been given to American citizens in Cuba, many of them at their own request having been returned to the United States.

The instructions given to our new min-

ister to Spain before his departure for his post directed him to impress upon that government the sincere wish of the United States to lend its aid toward the ending of the war in Cuba by reaching a peaceful and lasting result, and honorable alike to Spain and to the Cuban people.

These instructions recited the character and duration of the contest, the widespread losses it entails, the burdens and restraints it imposes upon us, with constant disturbance of national interests and the injury resulting from an indefinite continuance of this state of things.

## Time Ripe for a Change.

It was stated at this juncture our government was constrained to seriously inquire if the time was ripe when Spain, of her own volition, moved by her own interests and every sentiment of humanity, should not put a stop to this destructive war and make proposals of settlement honorable to herself and just to her Cuban colony. It was urged that as a neighboring nation, with large interests in Cuba, we could be required to wait only a reasonable time for the mother country to establish its authority and restore order within the borders of the island; that we could not contemplate an indefinite period for the accomplishment of this result.

No solution was proposed to which the slightest idea of humiliation to Spain could attach and indeed precise proposals were withheld to avoid embarrassment to that government. All that was asked or expected was that some safe way might be speedily provided and permanent peace restored. It so chanced that the consideration of this offer addressed to the same Spanish administration which had declined the tenders of my predecessor and which for more than two years had poured men and treasure into Cuba in the fruitless effort to suppress the revolt, fell to others.

Between the departure of General Woodford, the new envoy, and his arrival in Spain, the statesman we had shaped the policy of this country, fell by the hand of an assassin and, although the cabinet of the late premier still held office and received from our envoy the proposals he bore, that cabinet gave place within a few days thereafter to a new administration, under the leadership of Sagasta.

The reply to our note was received on the 23d day of October. It is in the direction of a better understanding.

## Recognized as Friendly Power.

It appreciates the friendly purposes of this government. It admits that our country is deeply affected by the war in Cuba and that its desires for peace are just. It declares that the present Spanish government is bound by every consideration to a change of policy that should satisfy the United States and pacify Cuba within a reasonable time.

To this end Spain has decided to put into effect the political reforms heretofore advocated by the present premier, without halting for any consideration in the path which in its judgment leads to peace. The military operations, it is said, will continue, but will be humane and conducted with all regard for private rights, being accompanied by political action leading to the autonomy of Cuba while guarding Spanish sovereignty.

This, it is claimed, will result in investing Cuba with a distinct personality; the island to be governed by an executive and by a local council of chamber, reserving to Spain the control of the foreign relations, the army and navy and the judicial administration. To accomplish this the present government proposes to modify existing legislation by decree, leaving the Spanish cortes, with the aid of Cuban senators and deputies, to solve the economic problem and properly distribute the existing debt.

In the absence of a declaration of the measures that this government proposes to take in carrying out its proffer of good offices it suggests that Spain be left free to conduct military operations and grant political reforms, while the United States, for its part, shall enforce its neutral obligations and cut off the assistance which it is asserted the insurgents receive from this country.

The supposition of an indefinite prolongation of the war is denied. It is asserted that the western provinces are well-nigh reclaimed; that the planting of cane and tobacco therein has been resumed and that by force of arms and new and ample reforms very early and complete pacification is hoped for.

## Better State of Affairs Predicted.

The immediate amelioration of existing conditions under the new administration of Cuban affairs is predicted, and therewithal the disturbance and all occasion for any change of attitude on the part of the United States. Discussion of the question of the international duties and responsibilities of the United States as Spain understands them is presented, with an apparent disposition to charge us with failure in this regard.

## Belligerency Not Favored.

I regard the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents as now unwise and therefore inadmissible. Should that step hereafter be deemed wise as a measure of right and duty the executive will take it.

Intervention upon humanitarian grounds has been frequently suggested and has not failed to receive my most anxious and earnest consideration. But should such a step be now taken when it is apparent that a hopeful change has supervened in the policy of Spain toward Cuba? A new government has taken office in the mother country. It is pledged in advance to the declaration that all the effort in the world to repress the rebellion in Cuba by the bayonet; that vague promises of reform after subjugation afford no solution of the insular problem; that with a substitution of commanders must come a change of the past system of warfare for one in harmony with a new policy which shall no longer aim to drive the Cubans to the "horrible alternative of taking to the thickets or succumbing in misery"; that reforms must be instituted in accordance with the needs and circumstances of the time and that these reforms, while designed to give full autonomy to the colony and to create a virtual entity and self-controlled administration, shall yet conserve and affirm the sovereignty of Spain by a just distribution of powers and burdens upon a basis of mutual interest, maintained by methods of selfish expediency.

The first acts of the new government lie in these honorable paths. The policy of cruel rapine and extermination that so long shocked the universal sentiment of humanity has been reversed. Under the military commander a broad clemency is proffered. Measures have already been set on foot to relieve the horrors of starvation. The power of the Spanish armies, it is asserted, is to be used not to spread ruin and desolation but to protect the resumption of peaceful agricultural pursuits and productive industries.

## On the Hawaiian Matter.

By a special message dated the sixteenth day of June last, I laid before the senate a treaty signed that day by the plenipotentiaries of the United States and of the republic of Hawaii, having for its purpose the incorporation of the Hawaiian islands as an integral part of the United States, and under its sovereignty. The senate, having removed the injunction of secrecy, although the treaty is still pending before that body, the subject may be properly referred to in this message because the necessary action of congress is required to determine by legislation many details of the eventual

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## TRY GRAIN-O. TRY GRAIN-O

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it with out distress. At the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

## Everything Worth Reading...

can be found at the Bradley News Room. New books added daily to the Circulating Library.

10 cents a volume, exchangeable after reading for 5 cents. Also a complete line at

25 cents a volume, exchangeable for 10 cents.

Among them are a set of: OPIE READ'S, MARIE CORELLIS' "ROMANCE OF TWO WORLDS."

QUOVADIS, a narrative of the time of Nero by Henryk Sienkiewicz.

Bring in your books and get them exchanged.

M. H. BRADLEY.

The Newsman. 22 East Milwaukee Street.

We are making a hit with the Ramer Chokolates.

## BOOK FOR MEN FREE

NO FEE UNTIL CURED.

Dr. Grady's wonderful Great Remedy for all cases of Gonorrhea, Syphilis, etc., is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and over part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Stearns and Baker 73 W. Milwaukee St., druggist, James 1st, Wis.

BETTER THAN GOLD. Success for 10 years. 200,000 Cured.

BOOK AND BOX OF MEDICINE FREE. All letters confidential and goods sent with full instructions free from observation.

Address, CRYSTAL MED. CO., Lowell, Mass.

## Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and over part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Stearns and Baker 73 W. Milwaukee St., druggist, James 1st, Wis.

## HEIMSTREET'S NEW YORK DRUG STORE



## Christmas Presents.

LADIES—when in search of presents for your husbands, fathers or mothers, visit our store.

GEN FLEMEN—when in search of presents for your wives, sisters, mothers or sweethearts, visit our store. We have something that is appropriate for everybody.

IT IS WISE TO YOUR WHILE to see what you can get for your money. STOCK everything that you can get for your money. HEIMSTREET'S NEW YORK DRUG STORE

## METALIC SKYLIGHTS

at the Cost of Wood. Why use the old style of wooden frame when you can get a metal one so cheap. Replace that old leaky skylight with a metal one that will last as long as the building. Everything in sheet metal that enters into the construction of a building. Get information on this subject and get it now by writing to H. J. SULLIVAN 138 & 140 Seventh St. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

## Send for this free CATALOGUE FREE

Ask your Druggist for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full Size 50c.; Trial Size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

## CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm Cures Catarrh of the Head, Throat, Lungs, etc.

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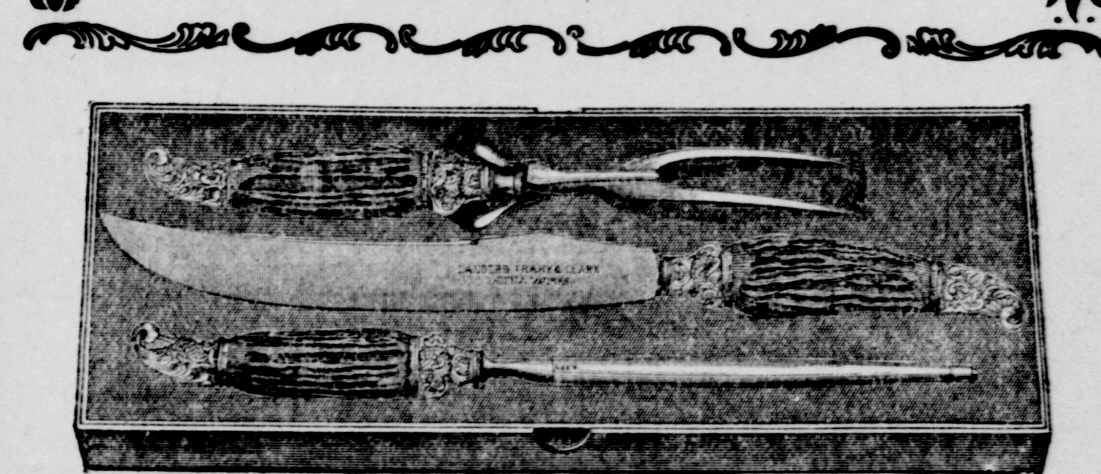
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## A CINCH ON THE REPAIR MAN.

There are in cities corporations and individuals who not only make money but who actually get rich by furnishing repairs for cast iron Cook Stoves and so called Steel Ranges. There is not a part in these cheap things that can stand the test of ordinary usage. All housekeepers who have tried them know of their constant need for repairs. Not so with the great steel and malleable iron range....

## ... MAJESTIC ...



Its parts in malleable iron do not break; its parts in steel do not buckle; and its very heavy parts in fire box do not for many years need repairs. Hence the owner of a Majestic has a cinch on the repair man.

## Useful Xmas Gifts

CARVING SETS. Very large new line. Latest ideas and designs.

CLAUSS SHEARS AND SCISSORS. Every pair warranted. You run no chance; everything left to your judgment.

WHITELY EXERCISERS to develop the muscles; to give strength to the body.

A. H. SHELDON & CO.

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THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the postoffice at Janesville, Wis. as second class matter.

Terms of Subscription.  
Daily edition, one year.....\$6.00  
Half of a year, per month.....1.50  
Weekly edition one year.....1.50

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Special Advertising Notice.  
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary notices, marriage notices, insurance notices, and all other class of items considered news.

We publish free marriages, deaths, and obituary notices without poetry; also, notices of church and society meetings.  
We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

Open Saturday Night.  
For the convenience of patrons The Gazette office is open every Saturday evening until 8:45.

THIS DAY IN HISTORY

- 43 B. C.—Cicero, the Roman, murdered by hired assassins of the triumvirate; born 106 B. C.
- 1542—Marie Stuart, the beautiful queen of Scots, born; beheaded under Elizabeth at 1587.
- 1683—Algeron Sidney beheaded on Tower hill, London, for complicity in a plot to murder King Charles II.
- 1808—Hugh McCulloch, financier and statesman, born; died 1885.
- 1815—Marshal Ney, one of Napoleon's ablest lieutenants, who committed treason for his sake, executed by his own soldiers at the Luxembourg gardens in Paris; born 1769.
- 1822—John Aikin, eminent British author, died; born 1747.
- 1894—Count Ferdinand de Lesseps, promoter of the Suez and Panama canals, died; born 1805.
- 1896—Colonel John R. Fellows, noted Democrat, died in New York city; born 1831.

THE MESSAGE.

There is a refreshing directness about the President's message. The president does not mince matters. He defines his convictions—the convictions of an able, patriotic man—with courage and frankness. He points out the gold standard must be preserved, that our national honor must be maintained and that the material welfare of the people must be enhanced in every possible way. His recommendation as to the control of greenbacks will not be regarded as final, but gives congress a basis for action. He is tactful and at the same time positive in his statements regarding Cuba. Spain cannot take offense, so clearly is the goodwill of the United States shown, and at the same time the friends of Cuba will be pleased with the assurance of future action if Spain fails to effect a solution of the problem by the methods which she has adopted. "Intervention with force" viewed as a possibility, are words which have the ring that is grateful in the ears of the friends of Cuba. The president has placed himself and the American people on record as being determined to end the Cuban war, if Spain cannot do it. He has satisfied every reasonable advocate of the Cuban cause, and has avoided offense to Spanish pride. The message gives assurance that Hawaii can be annexed without international complications, and that plans for its government have been considered. International arbitration, never more vital than now, receives adequate consideration; the building up of a merchant marine is urged; and the message closes with this declaration, which congress may well bear in mind. "It is a commanding duty to keep the appropriations within the receipts of the government and thus avoid a deficit."

Every letter from Alaska tells the same story. The country affords no food. Experience is needful for success in mining. An argonaut should take a year's supply and work for wages. He will then be ready to choose a location and work a claim of his own. Governor Brady goes so far as to insist that a stay in Alaska of from three to five years will be necessary, and recommends the formation of small parties not to exceed four persons. As for the winter climate, it is described in a few words. Everything is frozen solid.

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BRISK DAYS ARE HERE.

The days are here when buyers line the counters. Prudent holiday shoppers begin now to make their selections, avoiding the jostling multitudes during the week preceding Christmas. The final rush inevitably comes. It represents the many who make a late decision, but those who know what they want, fare better and save time by earlier purchases. Janesville stores never were better prepared, and the signs are that the holiday trade will be the largest in four or five years.

Chicago is agitated by the report of a geographical society that the Chicago river has an outlet. The report is unjust. The outlet of the river in summer is the atmosphere; in winter the river obeys the time-honored Chicago rule—keeps all it has and gets as much more as possible.

"Sunset Limited."

A vestibuled train of composite compartment drawing room sleeping cars, Chicago and St. Louis to California in three days. Complete particulars mailed free to any address by your local agent or James Charlton, G. P. A., O. & A. R., Chicago, Ill., or H. C. Townsend, G. P. A. St. L. I. M. & S. Ry. St. Louis, Mo.

SIX CENTS DUE HIM THE JURY SAY

HICKORY NUT SUIT IS DECIDED.

Mr. Russell Will Recover Damages in That Amount From William Bahr and William Kuhlrow, Who Gathered Nuts on Russell's Farm Without Permission.

And it is decreed—by I. C. Brownell, V. P. Richardson, Adam Wilson and A. C. Munger a jury empaneled and sworn—that William Kuhlrow and William Bahr, shall pay A. G. Russell the sum of six cents, lawful coin of the realm, as damages.

It is not often that a man has to go into court and have a jury trial because of half a bushel of hickory nuts. Such was the case in Justice L. F. Patton's court yesterday afternoon. The case was that of Arthur G. Russell vs William Kuhlrow and William Bahr. The plaintiff asked for a \$50 judgment but the jury, after being out a short time, brought in a verdict in favor of the said plaintiff, awarding him six cents damages.

The defendants in this novel suit are both residents of this city. Mr. Bahr being proprietor of the Ottumwa hotel at the corner of Milwaukee and Academy streets, while Mr. Kuhlrow runs the blacksmith shop at Monterey.

Said They Trespassed.

The plaintiff, who is a resident of the town of Janesville, claims that the defendants came to his farm on October 20, and without asking permission jumped the fence and commenced to knock nuts from every hickory tree in sight. After they had gathered half a bushel of shelled nuts, Mr. Russell says they left the field leaving behind twelve badly damaged trees. As soon as he discovered what had been done Russell mounted his bicycle and gave chase, overtaking Mr. Bahr and Mr. Kuhlrow about a mile down the road.

Then, it is alleged, a little fracas took place in which Mr. Russell claims that he was handled rather roughly, and that his bicycle was injured.

This charge the defendants both denied, claiming that they used no force whatever, and that they then and there offered to settle for a reasonable sum.

Mr. Russell hurried to town and began a suit, claiming damages to the extent of fifty dollars. Yesterday afternoon, when the case was called, the above named jury was secured. E. H. Ryan appeared in behalf of the plaintiff, while defendants were represented by Sutherland & Nolan.

MADISON CAR LINE PROSPERS

Unlike the Local Charliots They Are Making Money.

People who think that the Janesville car line is as well patronized as the Madison line should read Receiver Oakley's report on the Madison City railway for the year ending Nov. 30. The total receipts for the year were \$12,714.42. The rate of license fixed by the law passed last session is, for companies in this class, 1 1/2 per cent so the company's tax this year will be \$640.71. The receipts the past year were \$1,717.72 more than in 1896. Last year the rate of taxation was also lower, 1 per cent amounting to \$409.96. Prior to 1895 the street railway was taxed by assessment, the value being placed at \$20,000 and the company's tax for 1895, under this system, was \$430. About 2,340 people ride on the street cars in Madison every day on an average. The daily receipts were \$117.

HINBERT'S SALE DELAYED

There Are Too Many Horses Now in Chicago For Sale.

Hinbert Wilkes, the fast Janesville pacer, owned by Soverhill and Porter will not be sold under the hammer in Chicago this week at the Newgates sale as was the original intention. His owners have decided that they will hold him for the next sale. It is said that at this week's sale there are too many good ones up from all parts of the country and that Hinbert's chances of bringing his owners a good price would not be as good now as later on.

THORNTON IS BACK IN JAIL

Sentenced By Judge Phelps to Thirty Day Term.

When Nathan Thornton was released from the county jail but a few days ago, he promised to brace up, but last evening he arrived home in an ugly temper, and started to beat his family. The police were sent for and Nathan was taken to jail. This afternoon he appeared in court, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to thirty days in jail.

Hugh Miller was sent down for the same length of time, for drunkenness.

CHANGE IN WILLEY CASE

Will Either Be Tried In Elkhorn or the Madison Courts.

When the case of J. F. Willey vs. the estate of M. L. Richardson comes up in the circuit court of Rock county, a change of venue will be taken to either the Walworth or Dane county courts. Judge Bennett cannot preside at the trial for the reason that he was one of the witnesses in the case when it came before Judge J. W. Hale. Mr. Willey, the plaintiff, sues for \$3,400 for services rendered the deceased.

A new brand of cigarettes is on the market known as the "Musical Cigarettes." Every time you take one from the package a minute music box plays "Nearer My God to Thee."

PLENTY of bulk oysters in the only oyster refrigerator in the city. Sanborn.

SURPRISE MR AND MRS. SMITH

Very Pleasant Social Event at Their Country Home.

About fifty young friends of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Smith gathered at their home in the town of Rock last evening, and a very pleasant evening was spent. Mrs. Smith proved a most amiable hostess. Dancing and cards were the chief amusements. The party was given in honor of their niece, Miss Kitty Burke, of Rockford. A tempting luncheon was served. The tables were presided over by Mrs. Timmons, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Smith, Miss Burke, Miss Smith and Miss Watson. The guests were:

Mesdames—Finley, Timmons, Watson, Burger.

Misses—A. Skelly, M. Ellison, A. Kidner, I. Skelly, K. Smith, E. Smith, K. Watson, J. Burke, S. Heffron, Messrs—William Connell, William Hemming, William Mulligan, P. Skelly, M. Timmons, J. Leary, J. Duffy, E. Skelly, S. Watson, E. Tracy, H. Leary, M. Finley, R. Smith, William Smith, T. Skelly, J. Connell, William Gunn, J. Mulligan, H. Bliss, A. Ellison, J. Sennett, T. Tracey, M. Leary, J. Cassidy, J. Leary, R. Finley, R. Smith, F. Smith.

THE High school orchestra have organized as follows: First violins, Miss Mamie Hillbrandt, Henry Osary, Willie McCue, Oscar Servatius; second violins, Arthur Clark; first clarinet, Harlan Fitch; first cornet, Percy Wallis, Harry North; pianist, Miss Edith Heyward.

FANCY Vermont maple syrup 90 cents a gal. Hon. Sanborn.

It Takes Time To gain a reputation for one's work. Especially is it so with a TAILOR. Every garment turned out is a walking advertisement for good or bad. Every garment I have made thus far has accomplished good for me. All I want is a chance to show my ability. Twenty years experience as tailor and cutter. I guarantee every piece of work. Repair work a specialty.

CHAS. F. ACHTERBERG, Your tailor, 2 South Jackson St.

E. T. Fish Freight Line

Leave orders at C. D. STEVEN'S Drug Store, or Residence Telephone 202, for hauling Pianos, Safes, Bolders, House Furniture, Freight. Promptness and Prices reasonable.

Every garment turned out is a walking advertisement for good or bad. Every garment I have made thus far has accomplished good for me. All I want is a chance to show my ability. Twenty years experience as tailor and cutter. I guarantee every piece of work. Repair work a specialty.

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CHAS. F. ACHTERBERG, Your tailor, 2 South Jackson St.

Harness

The place to buy Horse Blankets and Robes. Blankets, 50c; a little more for a better one.

JAMES SELKIRK, 15 S. Main St.

The Suedish Movements and Massage as Curative Agents, Have No Equal, Given by Our Educated Anatomist and Physiologist.

Jan. 1886, Mrs. John Budlong, of Evansville, Wis., slipped and dislocated her ankle; it could not be reduced; could not bear her weight upon it. Swollen and inflamed until it had no semblance of a human foot and ankle. Eight months after she consulted an eminent surgeon in Janesville, who informed her the ankle must be broken over, put in a cast; it would always be stiff and she be a cripple for life; would probably cost \$100 and take six weeks to relieve her. She called upon me, I used the Suedish movement cure; could walk in three days; dismissed her with perfect use of ankle in one week. My bill was \$14. She is perfectly well today. Look for other statements in this space. I give Suedish movements and massage daily.

DR. C. A. MINER.

Over Stearns & Baker's.

Chicago Dental Parlors.

Best set of Teeth, \$8.00

Gold Fillings.....\$ 1.00 up.  
Silver Fillings......50 up.  
22 kt. Gold Crowns.....\$5.00-\$8.00  
Painless extracting, by new method of Dr. C. J. Palmer......50  
Bridge work, per tooth.....\$5.00  
Expert crown and bridge work.

CHICAGO DENTAL PARLORS, Opposite postoffice, Janesville, Wis. Hours from 8 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 6 p. m., and evenings; Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Dr. C. J. Palmer, Manager

Go To Beaumont DeForest's for Bakery Goods, Confectionery and Nuts, and get a ticket on the beautiful Wash with every 25c purchase until Jan 1st.

Booth's Oysters fresh from Baltimore tonight.

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A Most Solid Shoe

The KLONDIKE

So people say who wear them. About fifty pair left. From \$5.00 we reduce them to \$3.75 as long as they last. They are made from best box calf, heavy extension sole, rope stitched, and a thorough going winter Shoe. A bargain at the price.

ENAMEL SHOES

Line unbroken. Coin and pointed toes. Splendid variety. Nobby Shoe. One of the most popular sellers in the store. Enamels from \$3.75 to \$5.00.

VERY FINE CALF SHOES

at the extremely low price of \$3 a pair. If you cannot afford to pay so much we have a splendid Shoe at \$2.50. Best Satin Calf Shoes, \$1.50 to \$2.00.

THE KLONDIKE

We wish to interest the men particularly in our stock. Rock county's representative stock. The most complete of any.

CHESTER C. BENNETT.

Receiver for Bennett & Libby. Foot-Fitting Shoe Men.

EVERY ONE IS A CRANK.....

On some particular subject or in some phase of their make-up. It's a perfectly natural condition. We are not the only ones. We freely admit being cranks on grocery qualities and we are not displeased in saying it either. Everything handled in this store or by us must be the best obtainable. That is one secret of our large business and growing popularity; low prices are essential also to large business, as well as high qualities. We are continually on the lookout for bargains; our customers know this to be a fact.

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Washburn Crosby & Co.'s excellent make, at \$1.25 a sack is a sure enough bargain these days. It may go higher any time. Better lay in a stock at once. No better Flour made anywhere.

Dressed Spring Chicken 8c pound Saturday. Ducks 30c quart. Fresh Bulk Oysters, plenty of them. Fresh supply. Only Oyster Refrigerator in the city.

SWEET CIDER made in our own mill. Guaranteed pure. 30c gallon. Try a gallon. You'll like it.

SOME THINGS WE'RE REAL "CRANKY" ON.

7 bars Old Country Soap..... 25c (This is a bargain.)	Choice Pork, per barrel, \$9.00; per lb..... 5c (This is a bargain.)
7 bars Lenox Soap..... 25c (This is a bargain.)	Gallon can N. Y. Apples, ready for use..... 25c (This is a bargain.)
7 bars Fairbanks Brown Soap..... 25c (This is a bargain.)	Try the new Epicure Coffee, another of Sprague-Warner Co.'s famous brands; the finest Coffee on the market for money, put up in 3-lb. air tight cans and sell regularly at \$1; to introduce we will sell at per can..... 90c
7 bars Bluff City Soap..... 25c (This is a bargain.)	Richelieu Coffee in 2-lb. cans that has always sold at 80c; our price, per can..... 75c
7 bars Babbitt's Best Soap..... 25c (This is a bargain.)	
Armour's (branded) Picnic Hams, per lb..... 6c (This is a bargain.)	

Huyler's Cocoa and Chocolates are bargains; they sell for the same price as other makes and are infinitely better. A small saving on most every article you buy of us in the aggregate counts for much. The grocery buying is one of the chief expenses of every household. Wide awake people watch our daily talks

C. A. SANBORN & CO.

The store of the people. The Hustling Grocerymen.



## W. F. WILLIAMS DIES THIS AFTERNOON

WELL KNOWN RESIDENT IS  
SUMMONED.

Suffering Ended in Peace at Three O'clock—Held the Office of County Clerk and Also Clerk of the Municipal Court—A Sketch of His Life.

After months of suffering William F. Williams closed his eyes in death at 3 o'clock this afternoon. In all parts of Rock county this news will come as a blow although Mr. Williams' critical condition had been fully realized.

Death resulted from a complication of diseases. A spinal injury suffered during the war is believed to have been the foundation. Mr. Williams' health has not been good for years but his unflagging energy forbade him to take the rest that many in his position would have felt to be inevitable. Only when utterly unable to remain at his desk did he give up his position as clerk of the municipal court about six months ago. During the summer he failed steadily, but as cool weather came on seemed to gain strength. For two months, however, a steady weakening has been apparent. It has been apparent for several days that the end was near and Sunday he lapsed into unconsciousness. From that time on he recognized nobody. He passed away without a struggle, his sufferings having ended days before.

Born in New York.

Mr. Williams was born in New York state May 13, 1844. He came with his parents to Racine in 1854. In 1856 the family took a farm near Darien and in 1859 located on a farm near Evansville.

Mr. Williams enlisted in September, 1861, as a member of Company D, Thirtieth Wisconsin, his father serving in the Thirty-third, his brother, E. S. Williams, in the Second Wisconsin, Gilbert and John Williams in the Thirtieth, and George T. Williams in the Third Wisconsin Cavalry.

W. F. Williams served until September 17, 1863, when he was discharged on account of physical disability, resulting from service in the field. He came back from the southern battle fields weighing but 97½ pounds.

Held Many Offices.

For two winters Mr. Williams was a student in the Evansville seminary; then after a season on the farm, he went west as a railroad contractor. Returning to Evansville in 1870, he was appointed street commissioner, and for two years handled the mail route from Evansville to Edgerton. He served as marshal and street commissioner for five years; was deputy sheriff for years, village clerk for two years, fire warden for five years, and sexton for four years. His efficiency in the discharge of all his public duties, led to his election as county clerk in 1886, and he was twice re-elected.

A Vigilant Public Servant.

Vigilant in his care for the county interests and unwavering in his personal integrity, he was one of the most valuable officials the county has ever had.

During much of the time since the expiration of his term of county clerk he has been clerk of the municipal court.

Mr. Williams was united in marriage with Miss Ellen J. Ballard December 27, 1866. His wife and one daughter, Mrs. H. F. Lincoln, survive him. He also leaves two brothers, E. S. Williams now in Washington and Jay Williams of this city.

Mr. Williams was a Mason and a member of the G. A. R. Arrangements for his funeral have not been completed but the interment will be in Evansville.

Peter C. Gilbertson.

Peter C. Gilbertson, formerly of this city, died at Milwaukee, of consumption. Mr. Gilbertson was a printer, and was employed by The Evening Wisconsin. He was a son of Hans Gilbertson, 205 South River street.

## ROCKFORD HORSEMEN HERE

McMann and Keyt Are Again in the Local Market

James McMann and George Keyt, two of Rockford's most extensive horse buyers, have been in this city and vicinity of late looking for the best horse flesh that money will buy. They made but two important purchases. Of Daniel Enns they bought one well padded roadster, while of Phillips & Hadden they purchased a fine driver.

## TERSE TALES OF THE TOWN

New dates 8 cents per pound. Fancy figs 20 cents per pound. Sanborn.

HUYLER'S cocoa is certainly the best article on the market and yet is no higher in price than the others. The next time you want cocoa let us send you a can of Huyler's. Sanborn.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the First M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Thompson, 57 Center street, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Members are requested to bring or send their branch tax, which is now due. Everybody is cordially invited.

JUDGE BENNETT today ordered that E. D. Shaw be appointed one of the commissioners in the case of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company vs App. in the place of A. A. Melvin, and that Friday, Dec. 24, 1897, at 8 o'clock a. m. be fixed as the time of said commission's first meeting. The case came from Green county.

## NEWS HEARD ABOUT THE CITY

XMAS gifts. Skelly's book store. CHRIST church sale this afternoon. CALLING cards written at Skelly's. FINE line of sleighs. F. A. Taylor. Do you want a cutter? See F. A. Taylor.

TOILET sets, cuff and collar boxes at Sutherland's.

GRANT county second growth rak. F. A. Taylor.

CATS that will hunt rats and mice are in demand.

MONEY to loan on real estate without commission. S. D. Grubb.

LADIES' pocket books and card cases, best assortment at Sutherland's.

SETS of all the standard books very cheap at Sutherland's book store.

CHILDREN'S books, games and puzzles—See them at Sutherland's book store.

SUTHERLAND'S book store will be open night and day until after Christmas.

GREAT sale of bibles and albums. Prices cheap at Sutherland's book store.

SCHUYLKILL coal. The best free burning anthracite mined. F. A. Taylor.

THERE will be one hundred days sleighing. Select your cutter early. F. A. Taylor.

CALL and see our line of hand decorated and Haviland china. Skelly's new book store.

You will find our line of sleighs and cutters complete with attractive prices. F. A. Taylor.

BIBLES, Catholic and Episcopal prayer books, a new line just received at Skelly's new book store.

AN episcopal treat for all who enjoy good eating, at the Congregational church Wednesday evening.

THE Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church will meet in the church parlors Wednesday morning for work.

THE very best oyster and butter crackers, 5 cents per pound; very nice ginger snaps, 6 cents per pound. Sanborn.

LITTLE Maggie Arquette, who was burned by her clothes catching fire from the stove is not gaining and her death is expected.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. was held in the members' parlor this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MISS PHILIPS, teacher of Elocution and Physical Culture from Chicago, will receive pupils in Janesville on Wednesday's. Address care Gazette.

THE Janesville Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, met this afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah T. Wright, Mineral Point avenue.

THE ladies of Christ church will hold a sale of fancy goods and cakes at the parish house on Tuesday of this week, December 7th, beginning at 2 o'clock.

CHRISTMAS book sale this week. Gift books, juvenile books, poetry, fictions and history. All the late books at reduced prices at Skelly's new book store.

A BARE opportunity to secure a fine silk umbrella. New stock at factory prices in the offer of F. O. Cook & Co. They intend closing out their entire stock of umbrellas at cost.

THE ladies of the Congregational church will serve a hot fried oyster supper from 5:30 to 7 o'clock Wednesday, 25 cents. If you have no grudge against yourself don't miss it.

WOMAN'S Exchange. Leave orders for pies, cakes, biscuit and all home cooking. Q. Q. extracts a specialty. Formerly handled by Mrs. Hathorn. Randall, Mead & Co. opposite Gazette.

MANY an ideal present can be selected from the elegant stock of diamonds, watches and jewelry at F. O. Cook & Co's. People get just what they want and always at the right price.

PERHAPS the Flip-Flop, by attacking The Gazette, can gloss over the fact that a special meeting of the council was called for the purpose of seeing if the city could not get mixed up in a senseless law suit.

THE ladies of Christ church will serve one of their popular suppers in the vacant store next to the Gazette office on North Main street, Saturday evening, Dec. 11. The menu will be of the best and there will be an abundance for all.

ANOTHER large invoice of these fine galvanized oil cans with faucets came this morning. The regular retail price of these cans is \$1. We will fill them with the best oil and charge 95 cents. They are very popular, at least their rapid selling tells us so. Sanborn.

JAVANESE coffee has had a more phenomenal run than any other new brand in this city. It is certainly the best package of 10 cent coffee on the market, and is taking the place in many homes, of higher priced articles. Sanborn.

BECAUSE she has one ring is no indication that she would not be pleased with another. Hall, Sayles & Field, "the reliable jewelers," have everything in rings. Their prices are right always. See display in their Milwaukee street show window this week.

THE ladies of St. John's German Lutheran church will serve one of their popular German suppers this week Wednesday, December 8, in the vacant store next to The Gazette office, N. Main street, at the same day and at the same place they will offer for sale from 1 o'clock Berliners, cakes, also a large variety of fancy and useful articles. The ladies in their untiring efforts to make the sale and supper a success deserve a large patronage.

## FIFTY YEARS AGO THEY TOOK VOWS

MR. AND MRS. R. R. ANGELL  
CELEBRATE.

Half a Century of Wedded Life is to Be Commemorated With a Celebration—Odd Fellows and Rebekahs Plan a Banquet as a Part of the Jubilee—Are Old Residents.

Fifty years ago today Mr. and Mrs. Russell R. Angell, of 208 South Bluff street, were married by the Rev. F. J. at the home of Mrs. Angell's parents, two miles from Concord, Mass. Today their golden jubilee was duly honored at the homestead, where the aged couple received the hearty congratulations of numerous friends. This evening at Odd Fellows hall members of Lodge No. 14 as well as the Rebekah's order have planned a banquet and social that will bring the day's festivities to a fitting close.

When a Gazette man called at the Angell home this morning he found the groom of fifty years ago busily engaged in his machine shop, while the bride of half a century ago was attending to her household duties.

Mr. Angell, prior to their marriage was a resident of Rhode Island in which state his approaching marriage was cried out one bright Sunday morning in one of the churches—that being the custom. At the home of the bride's parents, two miles from Concord, the happy event took place at 8 o'clock in the evening, before a large circle of relatives and friends.

Came to Janesville

In those days no marriage certificate was necessary the county records being sufficient. After residing in Concord for three years they moved to Salem, from which city they then moved to Providence, R. I., where Mr. Angell secured a position in a large machine shop and foundry. While in that city they were informed by relatives that several families contemplated moving west to seek their fortunes, many of whom intended locating in southern Wisconsin. Mr. and Mrs. Angell then packed up their household goods and left Providence for the west arriving in Janesville on Thanksgiving day, 1856.

Since that day they have continued to reside here having occupied their present home for the past twenty-seven years. Mr. Angell has carried on a general machine and foundry business in a shop erected seven years ago near their present home. On the twenty-sixth of next month Mr. Angell will be seventy years old, while Mrs. Angell is four years his senior. During their union they have been blessed with three children. Miss Angelina M. Angell, James L. Angell and Russell D. Angell, all of whom now reside in this city.

In spite of their advanced age Mr. and Mrs. Angell are now enjoying good health and the wish of their numerous friends is that they may continue to do so for many years to come.

## POSTAL CREWS AT WORK HERE

The Poles Will Be Set in Side Streets and Alleys.

Poles to be used in this city by the Postal Telegraph Company, will be "noted for their absence" in the business section of the city.

Foreman Johnson and men commenced this morning the work of pulling and wiring the town. The line to be run to the local office will be taken from the main line near Palm street. It will be run down the alley in the rear of the Grant school, to Wall street, where it will cross the track and run down Wall street to the river. At this junction the wires will be cabled across the river and beneath the Jackson block up into the Koller jewelry store, where the city office will be located. Foreman Johnson said today that as few poles possible will be placed in this city and these will be set in alleys and side streets. The work here will take about ten days.

## LOCAL FUR MARKET IS QUIET

Prices Are Good, But Are Showing Steady Decline.

L. Lovenstein, who has been in the city during the past week in the interest of a St. Paul raw fur house, reports the local market quiet. With the coming of real cold weather and more snow, the fur trapping business will revive. The prices are a little high at present, but are falling lower rapidly. Mink 50 cents to \$1.50; skunk 10 cents to 25 cents; fox 50 cents to \$1.50; muskrats 3 cents to 10 cents; and martens from \$2 to \$6.

## ANDREW BARLASS, JR., IS HURT

Kicked in the Face By a Horse This Morning.

Andrew Barlass, Jr., was kicked in the face by a horse this morning and painfully hurt. Mr. Barlass was leading one animal, and in passing another was kicked. His face was painfully bruised, and a deep gash cut over his eye. Dr. Mills dressed the injury and anticipates no serious results, although Mr. Barlass is suffering considerable pain.

CHIEF ENGINEER SPENCER received a telegram from Chief Foley of the Milwaukee fire department today, inviting him to witness the test of the Milwaukee fire boat pipe line. The test is made for Chief Bonner of the New York department. Milwaukee, Boston and Detroit are the only cities using the pipe line system, and New York authorities are thinking of adopting it. Hence Chief Bonner's visit to Milwaukee.

## NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE.

WILSON LANE had business in Madison today.

A. A. JACKSON looked after business at Edgerton today.

F. S. BAINES was shipping tobacco today from Edgerton.

UNDER Sheriff Wallace Cochran is come from his eastern business trip.

W. H. GARVIN, of the First Ward, is able to be out after a three week's illness.

FRED. W. VOLKMAR, of Milwaukee, visited friends in this city Saturday and Sunday.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY and Mrs. William A. Jackson are home from their wedding trip.

J. F. and Frank Spoon returned home this morning from an over Sunday visit in Milwaukee.

MISS ETTA MOSHER left last evening on the 6:10 train for Perry, Iowa, where she will make her future home with her aunt, Mrs. A. W. Morgan.

Mrs. Robert Charles Allen Ferslew Starrett-Tetzlaff returned to Milwaukee today. She says she does not care to return to Janesville to live, as she likes Milwaukee.

## FORGER IS SENT TO PRISON

Jefferson County Man Is Sentenced By Judge Bennett Today.

Charles F. Winchester, a man thirty years of age, was brought to this city this morning by Under Sheriff F. P. Kisper, the charge against the prisoner being forgery. District Attorney Edward Wigdale, of Jefferson county, who accompanied him, appeared before Judge Bennett this afternoon, in behalf of the state. Winchester, after stating circumstances of the case, pleaded guilty.

Judge Bennett then sentenced him to one year at Waupun.

A temporary injunction was issued by the court yesterday in the case of John Dawe et al vs. Hausman Brewing company restraining said defendant from discharging or emptying into the creek any waste or sewerage from its hotel at Edgerton until further order of the court. Also that bond in the sum of \$1000 be filed.

In the matter of the estate of K. Jenson, deceased, the court ordered that the order dismissing the appeal herein be stayed for thirty days to enable said claimant to perfect his appeal to the supreme court.

The Edgerton bank case was adjourned this morning until Friday morning.


## THEY STEAL RABBITS' FEET

Many People in This Town Believe They Bring Good Luck.

Queer as it may seem, a local restaurant keeper says that he has had hard work these days, keeping the people from stealing the feet from rabbits, which he has hanging out in front of his place of business. That old time superstitious belief is given as the cause of the larcenies. An east side business man who was caught in the act yesterday, said that he wanted the foot to carry in his pocket for good luck.

BUYING in big lots directly from the makers makes it possible for Hall, Sayles & Field, "the reliable jewelers," to sell everything in their line at little prices—just enough lower to make it worth your while to go there for your Christmas gifts. There is another advantage—an immense stock from which to choose.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## Early Christmas Shoppers.

Fancy stuffs for work and all material necessary for doing it.

Large down pillows, 16 to 20 inches square, 48c 65c, and 85c. Linen canvas for Bulgarian stamped work—sofa pillows' table covers, laundry bags, etc., new articles, very pretty 25 cents.

New lot of stamped linens, beautiful designs.

Stuffed pin cushions, 4c to 25c.

New lot of patterns for Battenberg work—all pretty.

We sell braid and linen thread for work.

Wash Silks—Filo, Dresden, Royal Floss—for working Stamped Linens.

Enough fine Sheer for making four handkerchiefs 9 inches wide, 20c.

## HELEN SERVATIUS.

## Dr. C. C. Devereaux

Will open his Dental Parlors on the bridge, over the Becker & Woodruff store, about December 15th.

## BLABON IS WILLING TO RUN THE CARS

MAKES A PROPOSITION TO STOCKHOLDERS.

If the Local Owners of Shares Will Stand Their Proportions of the Losses He Will Put the Line in Operation—Will Build Branch Lines.

Janesville people hold the key to the street railway situation and if Janesville people say the word the line will run all winter—for the first time in its history.

Janesville people own twelve thousand dollars worth of stock.

If these stockholders are willing to pay their share of the loss incurred by operating the line this winter, Mr. Blabon will pay his share.

The loss of running the line from now until the first of April is estimated by Mr. Blabon at from \$1,500 to \$2,000.

This proposition was made in a letter received by Superintendent Cummings yesterday.

Mr. Blabon, it would therefore seem is willing to meet Janesville people half way as he would have to pay much more than all the other stockholders combined.

Mr. Blabon also says that he will run the car line to any suitable pleasure ground or park that Janesville people will open, within a reasonable distance. Or, he will run any lines the people want that will help to put the road on a paying basis.

Loss Equals Subscriptions.

Since the car barn was built, he says, the loss in operating the road will foot up to a sum equal to the subscription received—about \$1,100.

Mr. Blabon's interests are best served by keeping the road in operation, but the losses are very heavy when the cars are run through the winter. When the line shuts down, the principal loss to Mr. Blabon is for Mr. Cummins' salary, which is paid whether the cars run or not. Therefore if the cars would make enough money to pay the salary, it would be to his interest to operate the line. But they will not, and besides the salary he must expend operating expenses in addition, or somewhere between \$7 and \$10 per day. It is also to his interest to run the cars in other respects. If he should seek to sell the road to a purchaser would consider the proposition a minute after he found that the line would not pay expenses when operated continuously.

Mr. Blabon has evinced a willingness to join any move for the good of his property and the city, and is ready now to run the line if the citizens who own stock will stand their share, and the public will patronize the line. He says he would prefer to operate the line at a reasonable loss, but cannot do so when the losses amount to two or three hundred dollars a month—every cent of which comes out of his individual pocket.

**\$10.00**

TO....

**\$15.00..**

Will pipe your house and put in Gas Fixtures. . . .

During the next 60 days the ordinary prices—\$20 to \$25—will be cut squarely in two. It has always meant a considerable bill of expense to pipe and fit a house for gas. Don't miss this chance to save money. It holds good for 60 days only. Call and see us or drop us a postal and we will call with estimate.

**McVICAR BROS**  
35 S. Main Street.  
Telephone 45.

Put a Kodak On Your Xmas List

\$5.00 to \$25.00.

With every 25 cent purchase we give you a ticket on an \$85.00 Swiss Music Box.

**SMITH'S PHARMACY**  
Kodak Agents.  
Two Registered Pharmacists.

Special Sale No. 12.  
For Wednesday, Dec. 8.

Fancy Dressed Dolls,  
Each in box, 12 inches long, with hair and glass eyes. Sale price, 21 cents.

Large Assortment of Toys  
in our Toy department.

A sample lot of the celebrated 'Lonhuda' Art Ware  
just received, that will be sold at one-half the regular established retail price.

**Wheelock's Crockery Store.**

**Put a Kodak On Your Xmas List**

\$5.00 to \$25.00.

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just received, that will be sold at one-half the regular established retail price.

**Wheelock's Crockery Store.**

**Fine Suitings**

FROM OVER THE SEA.

We have just received received some very fine suitings—serges, undressed worsteds, clays worsteds and creps—that are without doubt the finest goods ever shown in the city. Suits wanted for the holidays can be selected with great satisfaction from this line.

**J. L. FORD & SON**  
FASHIONABLE FURNISHERS

BOWEN CITY BUSINESS COLLEGE.  
Open every day and evening. Day school 9:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m. Night school 7:30 to 9:00 p. m. Length of term, six-to-eight weeks. The object of the Night School is to give those who are working the advantage of acquiring a business education. Can you afford to lose the opportunity when it is within your reach. Branches: Penmanship, Arithmetic, Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Spelling, Typewriting, Business Correspondence. For terms, rates of tuition call on or address J. W. Lutz, Principal; A. N. Butterfield, Manager; 61 West Milwaukee street.

**Lamps and Vases**  
Fit for Gifts

A new line just in. Beautifully decorated. Prices are a third lower than for the same goods last year.

**S. C. BURNHAM & CO.**  
Jewelers and Music Dealers.

**FREE!**  
A SIMPLE Puzzle

W-IT--  
--L-I-OL.

Fill out the missing letters to complete the name of the best preparation for the skin on the market. Send or bring your answer to us with your name attached. The first five correct answers will receive free, a bottle of this preparation.

Nothing better will be found for gentlemen's use after shaving—a cooling, pleasant, helpful preparation.

**EMPIRE DRUG STORE.**  
14 South Main Street.



## PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Continued from page 3

group, a long series of utterances through three-quarters of a century has proclaimed the vital interest of the United States in the independent life of the islands and their intimate commercial dependence upon this country. At the same time, it has been repeatedly asserted that in no event could the entity of Hawaiian statehood cease by the passage of the islands under the domination or influence of another power than the United States. Under these circumstances the logic of events required that annexation, heretofore offered, but declined, should in the ripeness of time come about as the natural result of the strengthening ties that bind us to those islands, and be realized by the free will of the Hawaiian state. That treaty was unanimously ratified without amendment by the senate and president of the republic of Hawaii on the 10th of September last, and only awaits the favorable action of the American senate to effect the complete absorption of the islands into the domain of the United States. What the conditions of such a union shall be, the political relation thereof to the United States; the character of the local administration; the quality and degree of the elective franchise of the inhabitants; the extension of the federal laws to the territory or the enactment of special laws to fit the peculiar condition thereof; the regulation, if need be, of the labor system therein, are all matters which the treaty has wisely relegated to the congress.

## Recommends a Confirmation.

If the treaty is confirmed, as every consideration of dignity and honor requires, the wisdom of congress will see to it that avoiding abrupt assimilation of elements perhaps hardly yet fitted to share in the highest franchises of citizenship, the transition due regard to the geographical conditions, the most just provisions for self-rule in local matters with the largest political liberties as an integral part of our nation will be accorded to the Hawaiians. No less is due to a people who, after nearly five years of demonstrated capacity to fulfill the obligations of self-governing statehood, come of their own free will to merge their destinies in our body politic.

## As to Bimetallism Agreement.

Under the provisions of the act of congress approved March 3, 1897, for the promotion of an international agreement respecting bimetallism, I appointed on the 14th day of April, 1897, the Hon. Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, the Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois and the Hon. Charles J. Palmer of Massachusetts as special envoys to represent the United States. They have been diligent in their efforts to secure the co-operation of European countries in the international settlement of the question, but up to this time have not been able to secure an agreement contemplated by their mission.

The gratifying action of our great sister republic of France in joining this country in its attempt to bring about an agreement among the principal commercial nations of Europe whereby a fixed and relative value between gold and silver shall be secured furnishes assurance that we are not alone among the larger nations of the world in realizing the international character of the problem and in the desire of reaching some wise and practical solution of it.

The British government has published a resume of the steps taken jointly by the French ambassador in London and the special envoys of the United States, with whom our ambassador at London actively co-operated in the presentation of this subject to her majesty's government. This will be laid before congress. Our special envoys have not made their final report, as further negotiations between the representatives of this government and the governments of other countries are pending and in contemplation. They believe that doubts which have been raised in certain quarters respecting the position of maintaining the stability of the parity between the metals and kindred questions may yet be solved by further negotiations.

Meanwhile it gives me satisfaction to state that our special envoys have been ready to deal with the subject, and it is to be earnestly hoped that their labors may result in an international agreement which will bring about the recognition of both gold and silver as money upon such terms and with such safeguards as will secure the use of both metals upon a basis which shall work no injustice to any class of our citizens.

## Work on Revenue Provisions.

In order to execute as early as possible the provisions of the third and fourth sections of the revenue act approved July 24, 1897, I appointed the Hon. John A. Kasson of Iowa a special commissioner plenipotentiary to undertake the requisite negotiations with foreign countries desiring to avail themselves of these provisions. The negotiations are now proceeding with several governments, both European and American.

It is believed that by a careful exercise of the powers conferred by that act some grievances of our own and of other countries in our mutual trade relations may be either removed or largely alleviated, and that the volume of our commercial exchanges may be enlarged, with advantage to both contracting parties. Most desirable from every standpoint of national interest and patriotism is the effort to extend our foreign commerce. To this end our merchant marine should be improved and enlarged. We should do our full share of the carrying trade of the world. We do not do it now. We should be the largest no longer. The inferiority of our merchant marine is justly humiliating to the national pride. The government by every proper constitutional means should aid in making our ships familiar visitors at every commercial port of the world, thus opening up new and valuable markets to the surplus products of the farm and the factory.

## Protection of the Fur Seals.

The efforts which have been made during the two previous years by my predecessor to secure better protection to the fur seals in the north Pacific ocean and Bering sea were renewed at an early date by this administration, and have been pursued with earnestness. Upon my invitation the commercial men of Japan and Russia sent delegates to Washington and an international conference was held during the months of October and November last, wherein it was unanimously agreed that under the existing regulations this species of useful animals was threatened with extinction, and that an international agreement of all the interested powers was necessary for their adequate protection.

The government of Great Britain did not see proper to be represented at this conference, but subsequently sent to Washington, as delegates, the expert commissioners of Great Britain and Canada, who had, during the past two years, visited the Pribilof islands and who met in conference similar commissioners on the part of the United States. The result of this conference was an agreement on important facts connected with the condition of the seal herd, heretofore in dispute, which should place beyond controversy the duty of the governments concerned to adopt measures without delay for the preservation and restoration of the herd. Negotiations to this end are

hope to be able to report to congress at an early day.

## International Arbitration

International arbitration cannot be omitted from the list of subjects claiming our consideration. Events have only served to strengthen the general views on this question expressed in my inaugural address. The best sentiment of the civilized world is moving toward the settlement of differences between nations without resorting to the horrors of war. Treaties embodying the humane principles on which lines without in any way impeding our interests or our honor shall have my constant encouragement.

## Resources of the Navy.

The present immediately effective force of the navy consists of four battleships of the first class, two of the second and forty-eight other vessels, ranging from armored cruisers to torpedo boats. There are under construction five battleships of the first class, sixteen torpedo boats and one submarine boat. No provision has yet been made for the armor of three of the five battleships, as it has been impossible to obtain it at the price fixed by congress.

It is of great importance that congress provide this armor, as until then the ships are of no fighting value. The present naval force, especially in view of its increase by the ships now under construction, while not as large as that of a few other powers, is a formidable force; its vessels are the very best of each type; and with the increase that should be made to it from time to time in the future, and careful attention to keeping it in a high state of efficiency and repair, it is well adapted to the necessities of the country.

The great increase of the navy which has taken place in recent years was justified by the requirements for national defense and has received public approbation. The time has now arrived, however, when this increased strength of the country is committed, should, for a time, take the form of increased facilities commensurate with the increase of our naval vessels. It is an unfortunate fact that there is only one dock on the Pacific coast capable of docking our largest ships, and only one on the Atlantic coast, and that the latter has for the last six or seven months been under repair, and therefore incapable of use. Immediate steps should be taken to provide three or four docks of this capacity on the Atlantic coast, at least one on the Pacific coast and a floating dock on the gulf. This is the recommendation of a very competent board, appointed to investigate the subject. There should also be ample provision made for powder and projectiles, and other munitions, and for an increased number of officers and enlisted men. Some additions are also necessary to our navy yards for the repair and care of our larger number of vessels. As there are now on the stocks five battleships of the largest class, which cannot be completed for a year or two, I concur with the recommendation of the secretary of the navy for the appropriation authorizing the construction of one battleship for the Pacific coast, where at present there is only one in commission and one under construction, while on the Atlantic coast there are three in commission and four under construction; and also that several torpedo boats be authorized in connection with our general system of coast defense.

## Alaska Requires Attention.

The territory of Alaska requires the prompt and early attention of congress. The conditions now existing demand material changes in the laws relating to the territory. The great influx of population during the past summer and fall and the prospect of a still larger immigration in the spring will not permit us to longer neglect the extension of civil authority within the territory or postpone the establishment of a more thorough government.

A general system of public surveys has been extended to Alaska and all entries thus far made in that district are upon special surveys. The act of congress extending to Alaska the mining laws of the United States contained the reservation that it should not be construed to put in force the general laws of the country. By an act approved March 3, 1891, authority was given for entry of lands for town site purposes and also for the purchase of not exceeding 160 acres, then thereafter occupied for purposes of trade and manufacture. The purpose of congress as thus far expressed has been that only such rights should apply to that territory as should be specifically named.

## Military Force Is Necessary.

I concur with the secretary of war in his suggestions as to the necessity for a military force in the territory of Alaska for the protection of persons and property. Already a small force, consisting of twenty-five men, with two officers, under command of Lieut.-Col. Randall of the 8th infantry, has been sent to St. Michael to establish a military post. As it is to the interest of the government to maintain a permanent settlement in the territory and its duty to follow up its citizens with the benefit of its legal machinery, I earnestly urge upon congress the establishment of a system of government with such flexibility as will enable it to adjust itself to the future areas of great population. The startling, though possibly exaggerated reports from the Yukon river country of the probable shortage of food for the large number of people who are wintering there without the means of leaving the country are confirmed in such measure as to justify bringing the matter to the attention of congress. Access to that country in winter can be had only by the passes from Dyea and vicinity, which is a most difficult and perhaps an impossible task. However, should these reports of the suffering of our fellow-citizens be further verified, every effort at any cost should be made to carry them relief.

## Yellow Fever a Menace.

The recent prevalence of yellow fever in a number of cities and towns throughout the South has resulted in much disturbance of commerce and demonstrated the necessity of such amendments to our quarantine laws as will make the regulations of the national quarantine authorities paramount. The secretary of the treasury, in the portion of his report relating to the operation of the marine hospital service, calls attention to the defects of the present quarantine laws and recommends amendments thereto which will give the treasury department the requisite authority to prevent the invasion of epidemic diseases from foreign countries, and in times of emergency like that of the past summer will add to the efficiency of the sanitary measures for the protection of the people and at the same time prevent unnecessary restriction of commerce. I concur in his recommendation. In further effort to prevent the invasion of the United States by yellow fever the importance of the discovery of the exact cause of the disease, which up to the present time has been undetermined, is obvious, and to this end a systematic bacteriological investigation should be made. I therefore recommend that congress authorize the appointment of a commission by the president, to consist of four expert bacteriologists, one to be selected from the medical officers of the marine hospital service, one to be appointed from civil life, one to be detailed from the medical officers of the army and one from the medical officers of the navy.

## Sale of the Union Pacific.

The Union Pacific railway main line was sold under the decree of the United

States court for the district of Nebraska on the 1st and 2d of November of this year. The amount due the government consisted of the principal of the subsidy bonds, \$27,236,512, and the accrued interest thereon, \$31,211,717.50, making the total indebtedness \$58,448,229.50. The bid at the sale covered the first mortgage lien and the entire mortgage claim of the government, principal and interest. The sale of the subsidized portion of the Kansas Pacific line, upon which the government holds a second mortgage lien, has been postponed at the instance of the government to December 16, 1897. The debt of this division of the Union Pacific railway to the government on November 1, 1897, was the principal of the subsidy bonds, \$6,303,000, and the unpaid and accrued interest thereon, \$6,626,690.33, making a total of \$12,929,690.33.

The sale of this road was originally advertised for November 4, but for the purpose of securing the utmost public notice of the event it was postponed until December 16, and a second advertisement of the sale was made. By decree of the court the upset price on the sale of the Kansas Pacific will yield to the government the sum of \$2,500,000 over all prior liens, costs and charges. If no other or better bid is made this sum is all that the government will receive on its claim of nearly \$13,000,000. The government has no information as to whether there will be other bidders or a better bid than the minimum amount herein stated. The question presented therefore is whether the government shall, under the authority given it by the act of March 3, 1887, purchase or redeem the road in the event that a bid is not made by private parties covering the entire government claim.

## How It Must Qualify.

To qualify the government to bid at the sale will require a deposit of \$900,000, as follows: In the government cause \$500,000 and in each of the first mortgage causes \$200,000, and in the latter the deposit must be in cash. Payment at the sale is as follows: Upon the acceptance of the bid a sum which the amount of ready deposited shall equal 15 per cent of the bid; the balance in installments thirty, forty and fifty days after the confirmation of the sale. The lien on the Kansas Pacific prior to that of the government on July 30, 1897, principal and interest, amounted to \$7,281,048.11. The government, therefore, should it become the highest bidder, will have to pay the amount of the first mortgage lien of \$2,500,000.

I believe that under the act of 1887 it has the authority to do this, and in absence of any action by congress, I shall direct the secretary of the treasury to make the necessary deposit as required by the court's decree to qualify as a bidder and to bid at the sale a sum which will at least equal the principal of the debt due to the government; but suggest, in order to remove all controversy, that an amendment of the law be immediately passed explicitly giving such powers and appropriating in general terms whatever sum is sufficient therefor.

In so important a matter as the government becoming the possible owner of railroad property, which it perforce must conduct and operate, I feel constrained to lay before congress these facts for its consideration and action before the consummation of the sale. It is clear to my mind that the government should not permit the property to be sold at a price which will yield less than one-half of the principal of its debt and less than one-fifth of its entire debt, principal and interest. But whether the government, rather than accept less than its claim, should become a bidder and thereby the owner of the property, I submit to congress for action.

## Views on Civil Service.

The important branch of our government, known as the civil service, the practical improvement of which has long been a subject of earnest discussion, has of late years received increased legislative and executive approval. During the past few months the service has been placed upon a still firmer basis of business methods and personal merit. While the right of our veteran soldiers to reinstatement in deserving cases has been asserted, dismissals for merely political reasons have been carefully guarded against, the examinations for admittance to the service enlarged and at the same time rendered less technical and more practical and a distinct advance has been made by giving a hearing before dismissal upon all cases where incompetency is charged or demand made for the removal of officials in any of the departments.

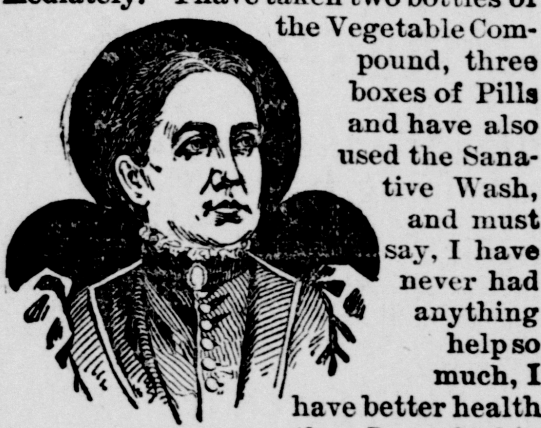
I am forced by the length of this message to omit many important references to affairs of the government with which congress will have to deal at the present session. They are fully discussed in the departmental reports to all of which I invite your earnest attention. The estimates of the expenses of the government by the several departments will, I am sure, have your careful scrutiny. While the congress may not find it an easy task to reduce the expenses of the government, it should not encourage their increase. These expenses will, in my judgment, limit of a decrease in many branches of the government without injury to the public service. It is a commanding duty to keep the appropriations within the receipts of the government and thus avoid a deficit.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

## MRS. KRINER'S LETTER

## About Change of Life.

"I suffered for eight years and could find no permanent relief until one year ago. My trouble was Change of Life. I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and relief came almost immediately. I have taken two bottles of the Vegetable Compound, three boxes of Pills and have also used the Sanative Wash, and must say, I have never had anything help so much, I have better health than I ever had in



my life. I feel like a new person, perfectly strong. I give the Compound all the credit. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are using it with like results. It has cured me of several female diseases. I would not do without Mrs. Pinkham's remedies for anything. There is no need of so much female suffering. Her remedies are a sure cure."—MRS. ELLA KRINER, Knightstown, Henry Co., Ind.

**LADIES** DO YOU KNOW DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S Steel & Pennyroyal Treatment is the original and only FRENCH safe and reliable cure on the market. Price, \$1.00; sent by mail Genuine sold only by KING'S PHARMACY, 814 East Cornice

## I Like to Dress Well

Our store is always open Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday nights.

But can't afford to get my clothes made to measure and pay \$25 to \$30 a suit.

## Right You Are

But it is for men like you that we keep Tailor Made Clothes. All the quality, fashion and service of the clothes you'd like to wear at half or less price the tailor charges.

Our's, and there are no better made, and with all the style that's in the best per \$15 to \$18.00 suit

## Are you thinking yet about anything for Christmas?

We are getting in every day now, bright and pretty things for the holidays.

## A Few Suggestions:

Pretty Neckwear.  
Silk Suspenders,  
Fancy Hosiery,  
Full Dress Shirts,  
Full Dress White Kid Gloves,  
Dress Suit Shirt Protectors,  
Dress Suit Cases,  
Fine Umbrellas.

We have all and any one would be a very acceptable present for gentlemen.

## T. J. ZEIGLER.

E. J. SMITH, M'gr. Main and Milwaukee Streets.

# Real Battenberg Lace Pieces and Belgravian Commenced Work, at Manufacturers' cost for 3 days-- Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday.

On the above days we will have on sale the entire sample line of one of the largest New York dealers in Fine Art Goods.

## There Are More Than Five Hundred Different Pieces

in the line, consisting of real hand made Battenberg Lace Doilies, Center Pieces, Table Covers, Scarfs, Sideboard and Dresser Covers, Beautiful commenced Pillow Tops, Table and Sideboard Covers, and other fancy pieces on Belgravian Cloth, Russian Tapestry, Ticks and Denims. This is by far the largest and finest line of

## HIGH GRADE ART GOODS

ever shown in Janesville. We have them so arranged that you can easily inspect them all, and we assure you it will be well worth your time.

Remember, the price for these three days will be prime New York cost.

PORT RAIL E. & CO

## THE RAILROAD TIME-TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern	Leave For	Arrive From
Chgo Via Clinton	6:40 am	9:30 pm
Chgo Via Clinton & Sharon	7:40 am	8:10 pm
Chgo Via Clinton & Sharon	12:40 pm	12:40 pm
Chgo Via Clinton & Sharon	7:20 pm	12:40 am
Chgo Via Beloit, R'ford, Elgin	7:00 am	6:30 am
Chgo Via Beloit & Harvard	2:10 pm	11:40 am
Beloit, DeKalb, & Omaha	6:40 am	6:40 am
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, & Elgin	12:23 pm	8:30 pm
Watertown, Freeport, & La Crosse	7:30 pm	10:25 am
Waukesha & Milwaukee	12:45 pm	20:40 pm
Watertown & Juneau Freight	4:00 pm	4:00 pm
Watertown, Brookings, Oregon	8:15 pm	7:30 am
Evansville, Madison, Elroy, La Crosse, Winona and points in Minn & Dak	6:30 am	6:30 am
Evansville, Madison, Elroy, La Crosse, Winona & St Paul	11:00 am	3:00 pm
Leyden, Fellows, Evansville, Brookings, Oregon, Madison	8:05 pm	12:05 pm
Evansville, Madison, Elroy, La Crosse, Winona, St Paul, & Duluth	9:30 pm	6:30 pm
Evansville, Madison, St Paul, Winona & Dakota	12:45 am	7:20 pm
Evansville, Madison & Elgin	7:20 pm	12:40 am
Chgo Via Beloit & Harvard	2:15 pm	1:15 pm
Beloit	10:40 pm	10:40 pm

\*Daily &amp; Sunday only

Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul.	Leave For	Arrive From
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Beloit	*1:10 pm	12:50 pm
Milwaukee, Whitewater, Waukesha, & Chicago	7:00 am	9:00 am
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford, & Beloit	10:30 am	5:35 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	4:40 pm	7:40 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	9:40 am	9:17 am
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	4:40 pm	10:30 am
Edgerton, Stoughton, Madison, Lone Rock, Richland Center, Prairie du Chien, McGregor, Portage, La Crosse, Winona, St. Paul, & Minneapolis	4:40 pm	4:40 pm
Iowa, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, St. Paul and Minneapolis, through sleeper and reclining chair except Saturday	\$ 9:20 am	9:17 am
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford and Beloit, (daily)	9:35 am	4:10 pm
Chicago, Elgin, Rockford, Beloit, Delavan, Elkhorn and Racine	11:30 am	6:00 pm
Kansas City, Chicago, Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Savannah, Dubuque, Rock Island, Cedar Rapids, Ia., & St. Paul	12:30 pm	4:40 am
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, & Elgin	6:30 pm	9:00 am
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	6:30 pm	6:00 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	9:30 am	4:10 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	6:10 pm	9:00 am
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	6:10 pm	9:25 am
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	4:40 pm	4:40 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	8:30 am	6:10 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	10:00 am	8:30 pm
*Daily		
*Daily except Sunday		
*Except Saturday		

## MAILS ARRIVE AND DEPART.

JANESVILLE MAILS.	Arrive.	Close.
Chicago, East, West, South-west	6:00 am	9:00 am
North and West, via Madison	7:35 am	10:00 am
Chicago, East, North and Northwest	9:40 am	12:00
Chicago, North, East, West and General	12:40 pm	6:00 pm
Chicago, East and all points North and West, via Madison	6:00 pm	8:00 pm
St. Paul, La Crosse, Portage, & Madison	11:30 am	11:30 am
SUNDAY ONLY		
Chicago, East, South and Southwest	6:00 am	6:00 pm
North, Northwest, Elgin, & Beloit	6:30 pm	7:00 pm
Chicago, East, West and South		7:00 pm
ST. PAUL, LA CROSSE, PORTAGE, & MADISON		
Johnstown and Richmond	11:00 am	2:30 pm
Emerald Grove and Fairfield	11:00 am	2:00 pm

## \$100 To Any Man

## WILL PAY \$100 FOR ANY CASE

Of Weakness in Men They Treat and Fail To Cure.

An Omaha Company places for the first time before the public a MAGICAL TREATMENT for the cure of Lost Vitality, Nervous and Sexual Weakness, and Restoration of Lost Force in old and young men. No work-out. Each remedy contains no Phosphorus or other harmful drugs. It is a WONDERFUL TREATMENT—magical in its effects—positive in its cure. All readers, who are suffering from a weakness that blights their life, causing that mental and physical suffering peculiar to Lost Manhood, should write to the STATE MEDICAL COM-PANY, Suite 602, Ransom Building, Omaha, Neb., and they will send you absolutely FREE, a valuable paper on these diseases, and positive proofs of their truly MAGICAL TREATMENT. Thousands of men, who have lost all hope of a cure, are being restored by them to a perfect condition.

This MAGICAL TREATMENT may be taken at home under their directions, or they will pay railroad fare and hotel bills to all who prefer to go there for treatment, if they fail to cure. They are perfectly reliable; have no Free Pre-scriptions, Free Cure, Free Sample or C. O. D. fake. They have \$250,000 capital, and guarantee to cure every case they treat or refund every dollar, or their charges may be credited to a bank to be paid to them when a cure is effected. Write them today.

THE STATE MEDICAL COMPANY, 602 RANSOM BUILDING, OMAHA, NEB.

## Warned By Smell of Smoke

The many fires of late have made people think about their insurance—the companies in which it is written, and the amount covered. The good business man does not forget that his property may go next. He does not expose himself to a crippling loss.

## Loans placed on Real Estate.

## HAYNER &amp; BEERS.

Room 10, Jackson Block JANESVILLE

## STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT

FOR ROCK COUNTY—In Probate: Notice is hereby given that at a special term, of the County Court to be held in and for said county at the court house in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the third Tuesday, being the 21st day of Dec. 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m. the following matter will be heard and considered:

The petition of John M. Millard for the appointment of a trustee under the will of James M. Millard, late of the town of Milton, in said county, deceased—Dated November 30, 1897. By the Court, J. C. SALE, County Judge.

unov403w

## STATE OF WISCONSIN—ROCK COUNTY—

City of Janesville—ss In Municipal Court, before M. M. Phelps, Municipal Judge. To Lewis Sylvester and Alie L. Sylvester, partners, doing business under the firm name of Lewis Sylvester & Son: That a warrant of replevin has been issued to recover possession of the following described goods and chattels, to-wit: a box containing two hundred and eighty (280) samples of tobacco, to which the plaintiff is entitled to the possession and which you unlawfully detain from me.

Now, unless you shall appear before M. M. Phelps, municipal judge, in and for said county, at his office in said city, on the 21st day of December, 1897, at nine (9) o'clock in the forenoon, judgment will be rendered against you for the delivery of said property to me and for damages for the detention thereof, and for costs.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1897. SAMUEL GRUNDY, Plaintiff. Fethers, Jeffers, Fife & Moust,



# THE OVERFLOW OF LOCAL NEWS

## BOYCOTT ON TIN WARE STATE NEWS IN A LINE

Carload of Bargains Offered by The Leader-Benefits for Buyers.

The boycott that has been attempted against the Leader does not seem to do us any harm. Trade has never been as good as in the few days since the Janesville public learned how certain local merchants were trying to keep up prices.

As we explained before, the boycott was begun by a jealous competition unable to scare us out, and utterly unable to meet our prices. It was not on us, but on a firm we patronize. A boycott on us would be more to his mind, but the people of the city know that we are saving them money on every purchase, and appreciate our aid too much to have any but the most friendly feelings.

Wholesale houses do not seem to be much afraid of the boycott. They are all glad to sell me for I pay cash on the nail. I have just unloaded a car of tinware—all high grade stock—bought for cash. It will be sold cheaper than other local merchants buy it, and will give the people another example of why jealous competitors wished to keep the Leader from buying to advantage. Tinware never has been sold as cheap in Janesville as it will be during the next few days. It would never be sold as cheap again if a boycott was encouraged.

We would not have dragged the public into this boycott business merely to gain sympathy. We are able to take care of ourselves. We merely want to show what methods are adopted by some merchants to keep up the prices and make the customer suffer. We are selling goods from 20 to 30 per cent cheaper than our competitor, because we discount all bill and keep goods moving rapidly. As long as we do this the people will know us as their friend and will stand by us. We fear no boycott campaign and no secret letters from competitors. Had our credit been in question we might have been hurt, but hundreds of factories all around the country are ready and anxious to sell The Leader, and our invariable practice of paying cash on the nail gets us the lowest quotations.

H. FRIEDMANN.

The Leader.

## A TRIBUTE TO DR. SHELTON

Memorial Exercises Held At the State University at Madison Today.

Mrs. E. Ray Inman, was in Madison today to attend the memorial exercises which were held at the State university for her father, the late Dr. Sheldon, of Oswego, New York. Dr. Sheldon was one of the most prominent educators in the country, being the founder of the Normal school system. Since his death, memorial exercises have been held in all the normal schools throughout the country and in several of the universities. The Leland Stanford University, California, held their memorial last Friday. Four of the teachers on the faculty of the Wisconsin University are graduates from Dr. Sheldon's school and Mrs. Inman is correspondent for their educational journal.

## TWENTY FREIGHT ENGINES

St. Paul Company Making Several Improvements in Rolling Stock

Twenty new freight engines of the latest pattern and the best that money could buy, have lately been purchased by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. They are extra large and are being put on the southern divisions of the road. The engines which will be relieved by these engines will enter the freight service north. They will be much heavier than those now used here and will be used in the leg service to a great extent.

## THE PROGRAM FOR TONIGHT

FIRE Police.  
TWILIGHT club.  
NATIONAL union.  
WESTERN Star Lodge.  
KNIGHTS of the Grove.  
BAPTIST Christmas sale.  
FEDERAL Labor union.  
CONCORDIA Society dance.  
KNIGHTS of the Maccabees.  
INDOOR base ball at the Armory.  
JANESVILLE City Lodge No. 90, I. O. O. F.

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Pair gold bowed spectacles, between 1. American Express office and Jackson street. Leave at Gazette office.

## FOR SALE.

WILL trade safe for coal or groceries. Mrs. Sadler.

## WANTED.

WORK FOR BOARD wanted by young man attending telegraph school, place to work morning and evenings and Saturdays for his board. Address Valentine Bros.

WANTED TO RENT—Good house of 8 or 9 rooms, Third ward preferred. G. Gazette.

WANTED—A middle aged widow, with son or daughter, to keep house in the country, for two gentlemen. Address F. L. Gazette.

WANTED—By an elderly lady, to nurse confinement and invalids, at \$5 per week. Satisfactory guarantees. Enquire at this office.

WANTED—Work by a young man, willing to do anything. Address R. L., 117 North Academy street.

H. E. CONVERSE, who has been in the confectionery business in Eau Claire, has made an assignment.

LOUIS DE CASTRO, Charles Loescher, Harry Hendee and Oliver Mor house have been arrested at Kenosha on a charge of burglary.

JOSEPH CHAFFA and Samuel Kersky have been sentenced from Dartford to a year in Waupun. They pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny.

At Waupaca fire destroyed the store of Peter Holz and a store belonging to the Klondike company. The total loss was \$3,500, partly covered by insurance.

B. DIGHTON of Augusta, lost his house by fire Saturday morning. The family were forced to leave so hurriedly that \$500 in money was left in the building.

MITCHELL BALTHAZAR, of Fond du Lac has been awarded a verdict for \$2,135 damages against the Northwestern road. He was injured by a train in 1895.

Mrs. BALLINGTON BOOTH was invited to address the inmates of the penitentiary. She had intended to speak at Appleton but she always accepts invitations to address convicts.

THE Ashland Iron and Steel company has resumed operations after a shut down of four months. The furnace has been remodeled since the plant was closed.

SHERIFF LAMPERT of Winnebago county has brought suit against the county to recover \$806.79, the amount the county board reduced the bill which he presented to it.

THE Philomathia and Hesperia societies of the state university at Madison will engage in the annual debate Friday evening. They will discuss the question of government ownership of telegraph lines.

WILLIAM BUESCHINGER, a young man of Green Bay, is on board one of the ice bound whaling vessels off the coast of Alaska. His mother is naturally somewhat anxious over the safety of her son.

Two cargoes of lumber, valued at \$50,000 will be taken from Marinette this week. There will be 1,600,000 feet of select lumber and it will represent the most valuable shipment that has been made from that city this year.

Last week 141 students had registered in the short course of the Wisconsin agricultural college. This is a large increase over the number who took the course last year. The dairy school has 104 enrolled which is the limit allowed.

It is thought that there will be a shortage in the supply of soft coal at West Superior. The last cargoes are on their way and there is not enough coal in sight to meet the winter demands. There is, however, an abundance of hard coal.

ASSISTANT Inspector Gen. F. M. Caldwell and Assistant Adj. Gen. W. H. Patton will be delegates from Wisconsin to a meeting to be held in St. Louis, which has for its object the organization of a western interstate association of national guards.

SEVERAL students of Lawrence university at Appleton are said to be good hypnotists and one of the professors is said to have had experience in the art. The practice of hypnotism has never caused any trouble at the school however, as it is only used in studying psychological subjects.

THE school board of Racine have refused to grant the request of the Christian Scientists who asked that their children be allowed to drop the study of physiology on the ground that it was not in accordance with their religious teaching. The board takes the stand that they have no authority in the matter as a state law makes the matter compulsory.

Two burglars broke into the saloon of John McGuire in Waunakee. The safe was blown open and \$500 in money and notes stolen. The explosion was heard by a couple of officers, who immediately gave chase, but the burglars were armed and drove the officers back. They headed towards Madison, and word was telephoned to the authorities, who captured one of the men.

Resolutions of Respect  
The following resolutions were adopted at the regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of Footville M. E. church, Dec. 3, 1897:

WHEREAS, it has pleased our heavenly Father in His infinite wisdom to remove from us our beloved sister and co-worker, Mrs. Elenor Lugg, be it therefore

RESOLVED, that in the death of Mrs. Lugg our society loses a loving and worthy member.

RESOLVED, that we extend our heartfelt and sincere sympathy to the bereaved family in this their sad affliction and be it further

RESOLVED, that we send a copy of these resolutions to the family and another for publication in the Janesville Gazette. Also that a copy be filed with the secretary of this society, and become a part of the records thereof.

Mrs. SARAH RICHARD,  
MARY WHITM RE,  
Mrs. AGNES HAWK,  
Committee.

VERY fancy winter apples \$3.50 a barrel at Sanborn's.

## COUNTY NEWS IN PARAGRAPH

Continued From Page 2.

church. Murray's orchestra will furnish the music and three elocutionists from Janesville will entertain you. A fine supper also. Admission 25c. Sleighting is fairly good, and everyone that has a cutter or sleigh is improving it. Everyone who has a gun has been out looking those wolves that have been seen of late, but none have been killed. There will be a Christmas tree at the Congregational church on Christmas eve, with program. The M. E. church will have a mill and other things to please the children. Blacksmiths are kept busy shoeing horses and fixing up sleighs since the cold weather commenced. The town treasurer, Fred Ross, came over Monday morning, and got the tax roll of N. A. Wheeler, the town clerk.

You can pay taxes at any time now. Shopkeepers are pleased to learn that William A. Mayhew was appointed postmaster at Clinton Junction. Maynard Weirick is spending a few days with James Murray. Miss Alice Smith spent Saturday and Sunday at Janesville. Mrs. Joseph Dock-stater's sister, Mrs. Johnson, is spending the winter with her. Miss Ethel Brown is attending school at Beloit. Haggart & Son handle a good many things found in a harness shop, such as whips, blankets, halters, etc.

FAIRFIELD FOLK FORM CHAPTER  
Social Organization is Perfected—Some Other News Notes.

Fairfield, Dec. 7.—A number of young people met at the home of A. P. Wilkins, Saturday, Nov. 30, for the purpose of organizing a club to be known as the "Fairfield Chapter." To meet once in two weeks at the homes of its members. Object, mutual improvement. The next meeting will be at Mr. D. R. Williams', Saturday, Dec. 11. The Ladies' Auxiliary of Emerald Grove is to be congratulated on the complete success of their "Bazaar." An immense crowd was in attendance and the society cleared one hundred and twenty-one dollars. (\$121.00) from sales and supper. The Y. M. C. A. band discoursed fine music during the evening. Quite a delegation from this place attended and report a delightful evening and an elegant supper. D. R. Williams entertained his cousin, Mr. Remington, the past week. Mrs. Addie Outter is spending a short time with her sister at Johnstown. Miss Bertha Brotland was a guest at C. Robinson's last week. Mrs. F. H. Wilkins is suffering from neuralgia.

SOME NORTH JOHNSTOWN EVENTS  
New Seats Are In Place In the School House

North Johnstown, Dec. 7.—E. D. Coon and son of Milton Junction, finished placing the new seats in the stone school house. Thursday. They are very fine indeed and a great contrast to the ones removed. Preparations are being made for a Demorest medal contest to be held in this place, about Dec. 30. Mrs. H. Tooker and the children visited at Whitewater Saturday and Sunday. Joseph Granger and wife of Milton, called on friends here Sunday. Frank Wheeler, family of Whitewater, spent Sunday at Leon Dickinson's. Mrs. Grace Cary visited in Janesville from Thursday until Sunday. William Bishop and wife visited relatives in Whitewater a part of last week. Rev. M. C. Miner will continue the revival meetings this week. Will Collins is recovering from his recent illness. Miss Mae Steele returned home from Hillsdale, Mich. Thursday, and began teaching the winter term of school at the Stone school house, Monday.

Emerald Grove Gossip.  
Emerald Grove, Dec. 7.—Election of officers in M. W. A. camp on Saturday evening of this week. All neighbors expected to be present. The Bazaar held last Thursday and Friday was a success in every particular. Net proceeds about \$120.00. The Ladies' Auxiliary wish to thank those who assisted in the good work. Snow fell Saturday and Monday making sleighing very good. A few still roll about on wheels. Gillies & Jones sell a five pound horse blanket for 90c each.

Notice  
All members of Wisconsin Lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F. are requested to meet at the hall on Wednesday evening, Dec. 8 as business of importance is to be considered. Charles Heath, N. G.

## THE ONLY ONE.

THE PYRAMID PILE CURE IS THE ONLY PILE CURE RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS AS BEING PERFECTLY SAFE.

No Opium, Cocaine, Narcotic or Other Poison In It.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is probably the only Pile Cure extensively recommended by physicians, because it is safe, so prompt in the relief afforded and so far as known the only positive cure for piles except a surgical operation.

In one year the Pyramid Pile Cure has become the best known, the safest and the most extensively sold of any pile cure before the public.

Address The Pyramid Co., Marshall, Mich. (formerly of Albion, Mich.) for book on cause and cure of piles and also hundreds of testimonials from all parts of the United States, full sized package 50 cents.

If suffering from any form of piles ask your druggist for a package of Pyramid Pile Cure and try it tonight.

IT PAYS TO BUY AT  
HOFFMASTER'S.

## 'Kerchiefs FOR.... Christmas.

Handkerchief Windows.  
Handkerchief Counters.  
Handkerchief Prices.

Really a Handkerchief store you might think if there were not so many other bargains on every hand. These Handkerchief prices are really surprising.

Handkerchiefs with colored border, for 1 cent.

Handkerchiefs with colored border, for 2 cents.

Handkerchiefs, hemstitched with colored borders for 3 and 4 cents.

You should see our five cent assortment. It is not to be equaled in the county. Plain, hemstitched, fancy edges, embroidered, and, think of it, a handkerchief with silk initial; choice of any of these for 5c.

Fine assortment of Handkerchiefs at 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c. These bargains will surprise you as you have been paying double these prices for the same goods.

We have been very careful in selecting a line of Handkerchiefs to sell at a quarter. This line is very complete. The daintiest line of Handkerchiefs you ever saw for the money. Fancy edges and hem stitches. Choice for 25 cents.

Fine line of Handkerchiefs at 35, 40 and 50 cents.

Pure linen handkerchiefs, hand embroidery at \$1 and \$1.25 each.

Initial Handkerchiefs—Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs at 5 cents.

Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, hem stitched, at 10 cents.

Ladies' all linen Initial Handkerchiefs, wide hem, at 25 cents.

Gents' Japanese Handkerchiefs fine silk initial, at 25 cents.

Gents' pure silk Handkerchiefs, silk initial, worth 75c, at 50c.

Ladies' pure silk Handkerchiefs, at 15c, 18c, 19c, 20c, 25c.

Wool Mufflers at 19 and 25 cents.

Brocaded Silk Mufflers, 75 cents.

H. HOFFMASTER & SON,  
18 South Main Street.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WILLIAM BELLACK,

— TEACHER OF —

Violin and Piano.

Graduate of the Royal Conservatory of Music of Leipzig, Germany. Formerly teacher at the Milwaukee School of Music.  
Studio No. 3 N. Jackson Street.

J. E. HESLOP, M. D., C. M.

Physician and Surgeon.

Graduate Queen's University and Royal College Surgeons.

Skin Diseases and Cancers a Specialty.

Cancers removed without knife and cure guaranteed.

Residence and office, Cor. Park and Main Sts.

DR. JOE WHITING,

Physician and Surgeon

Specialty of Surgery and Surgical Diseases.

Over H. E. Ranous & Co's. Drug Store.

DR. GEO. H. MCCAUSEY,

Surgeon Dentist,

Office in Tallman's Block, Opp. First Nat. Bank, W. Milwaukee St.

Residence: 45 Dodge Street.

Janesville, Wisconsin.

J. P. THORNE, M. D.

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Chest

GLASSES ACCURATELY FITTED.  
Office Hours—9 to 12 a. m.; 1:30 to 5:30 and 7:30 to 8:30 p. m. Office: 13 West Milwaukee street, opposite F. O. Janesville, Wis.

A. M. FISHER,

Attorney-at-Law.

Rooms 4 and 5, Jackson Block - Janesville

Special attention to..

COLLECTIONS.

G. H. FOX, M. D.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO

Surgery,

Over Sherer's Drug Store.

E. D. MCGOWAN,

Attorney at Law

Rooms 17-18 Sutherland's Block

On the Bridge Janesville,

GEORGE H. SMITH,

FIRE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Real Estate, Money to Loan.

Smith's Block - Janesville, Wis.

A GREAT SALE OF . . .

## . . .FANCY DRY GOODS

BEGINNING TUESDAY, DEC. 7TH.

Having secured several sample lines of Holiday goods and having no space in our store to display them, we have made a short time lease with Mr. Amos Rehberg (who will occupy it as a shoe store after the New Year) of the Becker & Woodruff store "on the bridge," and will there open for your inspection the important showing of holiday lines ever in the town.

## SOME OF THE LINES:

The Nonotuck Silk Co.'s line of "Corticelli" Stamped Embroidery Linens and fancy silks.

R. Blankenburg & Co.'s Philadelphia line of Down Comforters, silk Pillows, Head Rests, Piano and Mantle Drapes, silk Covers, silk Pillow Tops.

John Krauss' New York line of Baskets; work baskets, scrap baskets, infants' baskets, flower baskets, lunch baskets, hampers and toy baskets.

Clogg, Wright & Co.'s New York line of holiday Umbrellas for ladies; also gents' Umbrellas and sets (cane and umbrella.)

## STAMPED EMBROIDERY LINENS.

Including the complete line of the Corticelli Silk Co.; all the latest designs and patterns. (These are all stamped on linen and should not be confused with cotton goods of similar nature.)

For this sale at the following prices: 6x6 inch, 3c each; 6x12, 5c; 9x9, 5c; 8x11, 6c; 12x12, 8c; 9x18, 10c; 14x14, 12c; 18x18, 16c; 22x22, 23c; 18x26, 25c; 27x27, 42c. Lunch cloths, tray cloths, splashes, dresser scarfs, doilies, wine sets, laundry bags, &c., in both plain and stamped.

## SKEIN SILK

The standard lines of skein embroidery silk, outline silk, filo silk and roman floss in all the shades; a most complete stock. For this sale per skein 3c.

## PLUSH BALLS AND ORNAMENTS.

All the colors in small plush balls and pendant ornaments; for this sale per dozen 8c. 3 1-2 inch Linen Fringes—not a complete stock—but you can probably find the colors wanted; 5c per yard.

## SATIN RIBBON

The stock is complete of all widths in the low priced fancy work satin ribbons in widths from No. 2 to No. 6 and for this sale they will be divided into several lots at special prices. No. 1 all silk satin ribbon in 40 different shades; 1c per yard. Uncovered Down Pillows in the following sizes: 16x16; 18x18; 20x20; 22x22—at special prices.

ARCHIE REID & CO.

## Nine Men Busy as Bees. . . .

LAST SATURDAY'S enormous business shows that the firm that sells Shoes the cheapest gets the business. The longest pole reaches the persimmons. That's our case exactly.

## We're Telegraphing For Goods

to supply the great rush of trade. We are satisfied with a smaller margin of profit than other dealers which alone tells the true story of our

## Our Low Prices...

A man's Shoe, really worth \$1.25, sells by every dealer at this price; we are letting it out

at 98c

Pienty of them; all sizes; splendid Shoe.

Solid sole leather Shoe, coin or globe toe, custom made; every dealer gets \$2.00 for them; we ask only

\$1 50

Men's Box Calf, double sole, Scotch Calf

Shoes, at 2 50

Men's warm Shoes, felt upper, leather sole,

very fine; at 1 50

Another one, felt upper and sole, better Shoe

of course than the other 2 00

Men's Beaver Boot, calf foxed, regular

\$2.50 boot; our price 2 00

Splendid line of men's and women's

warm Slippers, at 35c to 1 00

A dandy Felt Slipper, leather counter

and sole, at 50c

Warm Shoes for women, \$1.00. Old ladies' beaver

warm lined Shoes, congress or lace,

light or heavy; per pair 1 00

WE ALWAYS DO AS WE ADVERTISE.

## BROWN BROTHERS.

East End of Bridge.

Janesville.



